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SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, or other business with the paper, should be addressed to "The Union Press, No. 326 Jefferson street Louisville, Ky."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications for the paper should be addressed to The Editor of the Union Press, Louisville, Ky."

Care should be taken to write on only one side of the paper used.

No notice will be taken of Anonymous communications.

Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements in Weekly Union Press.

Ten lines or less, 50 cents. Larger advertisements in proportion.

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Five lines (forty words) or less, a column of "Wants," "For Sale," "For Rent," "Boarding," "Lost," "Found," &c., 25 cents each insertion.

Romance in Fashionable Life.

The Son of a Millionaire and the Niece of an Ex-President of the United States the Principal Actors--Royal Blood on American Soil--Interesting and Extraordinary Developments.

[From the N. Y. Tribune, 14th.]

A very romantic case was developed by the detective police of this city last evening. It appears that a young man, formerly of wealth and sound standing in this city, was married some 15 years since to a beautiful and accomplished lady, niece of an ex-President of the United States, and the belle of Washington during her uncle's brief term of office. Out of respect for the feelings of this lady, the name of her husband, herself and family are omitted. The young man is known as G——, the son of a gentleman who made himself immensely wealthy in the pork packing business throughout the country. The elder G—— died a millionaire having first disinherited his son for his faithlessness to his marriage vows. The younger G—— lived happily with his wife for several years, two children being the fruits of their union. He then formed the acquaintance of a well-known operatic singer, who may possibly be identified when it is stated that her brother is prominent in politics in the City of Churches, and that he ranked as a Union Brigadier-General during a portion of the war. This intimacy was carried to such an extent that G—— neglected his family, and expended large sums of money on his new inamorata. Mrs. G—— tried every possible means to reform the truant husband, and finally called to her aid the father. The old man succeeded no better than the wife had done, and concluded his expostulations with a threat to disinherit him, which threat he executed. He died three years ago, not leaving the son a dollar of his immense wealth. G—— continued his extravagant course of life, became intimate with secessionists, and was locked up in the Old Capitol two years, by order of the Secretary of War.

Upon being released he went to Canada, where, by means of matrimonial advertisements he opened correspondence with several ladies. There he became acquainted with a young woman who gives her name as Mrs. Emily Fromes Elliott, and who claims to be of royal blood. Mrs. Elliot is handsome, well educated and accomplished. At an early age she was compelled by her father to marry Major Fitzgerald of the British army, who was some 30 years older than herself. This alliance was distasteful to her, and she entered at once into an intrigue with G——. They fled from Canada, visited Saratoga Springs, Clifton, N. Y., and this city. Here they roomed at the Lafarge House, and here G——, it seems, determined to abandon her. To this end he removed his baggage from the hotel without her knowledge, and then departed himself under pretense of going to Philadelphia on business. He left her a letter in which he bade her adue, and inclosed her $20 with which to get back to Canada. This she did not desire to do, and she followed him to Philadelphia. There by aid of the police she discovers that G—— was still in New York, and at once came back here. She had ascertained by means of an intercepted letter that he was in the habit of getting his mail matter at the Union Square Postoffice. Thither she went by instruction of Chief John S. Young, of the detective force, and confronted G——, who was greatly surprised at seeing her, but finally agreed to accompany her to her room, at No. 872 Broadway.

Meantime Mrs. G——, who had been in pursuit of her husband, also arrived in this city. She applied to Inspector Leonard for assistance, and by advice of that officer went before Mr. Geo. Kellock, Clerk of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, and preferred a charge of abandonment against her husband. This was sworn to before Judge Ledwith, who issued a warrant for the arrest of G——, which was placed in the hands of Detective Timothy Golden, who arrested him on Saturday evening. He was walking with Mrs. Elliot, at the time in Union square, and was at once taken to Police Headquarters, Mr. Elliot accompanying him.

Yesterday all the parties were brought before Justice Ledwith at Jefferson Market Police Court. For the first time the wife and mistress were confronted together, and for the first time in many months Mrs. G—— had an opportunity to speak to her husband. She appealed to him to know if she had not been a good and dutiful wife to him, to which he replied she had. Some cross-firing was had between the wife and mistress, but this was promptly suppressed by the officers. G—— was committed in default of $500 bail on a charge of abandonment. Mrs. Elliot, on being examined, frankly acknowledged she was not married to G——, although she had been passing for his wife at various hotels throughout the country. The entire history of the career of G—— will probably never be written. The evidence disclosed that there were numerous victims to his intrigues, and letters were found in his baggage showing that some of them were so fascinated by him as to offer him their valuables to enable him to live in the style he desired.

At a late hour last evening, by permission of Inspector Carpenter, Detective Golden furnished the reporters with the above facts. A further examination will be had in the case to-day before Justice Ledwith, when the names of all parties must appear. It is thought that nothing will be done with the prisoner provided he is willing to accompany his wife and little ones to their now desolate home, and be to them a dutiful husband and father in the future.

The Danville Appeal says that the rebel General J. E. Johnston is willing to become superintendent of some railroad.

It is announced that Mr. J. E. Murdoch is about to return to the stage.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Edmonia Lewis, a negress of Richmond, has just made a splendid marble bust of the heroic and ill-fated Col. Shaw. She is to be sent to Italy for education.

It is proposed to erect a monument, in the form of a marble statue, to the memory of Sir Joseph Paxton, and to place it in the garden of the Crystal Palace at Sydenham.

One "dodge" of the match manufacturers to avoid the Internal Revenue Tax is to make long matches and dip both ends in the brimstone. They must then be broken in two before they are used.

The New York Times says there is no truth in the rumor that Gen. Dix is to be a candidate for Mayor of that city at the next election. His private business, long neglected, demands and will receive his entire attention.

There are 11,851 Indians residing within the limits of the State of Michigan. The total number in the United States is estimated at 314,622.

A mine of solid petroleum has been discovered in Western Virginia. The vein varies in depth of from 50 inches to 250 feet. A ton of the ore yields about 170 gallons of pure oil.

The English government has appointed a commissioner to investigate the reputed attempt of the planters in Jamaica to wrong and oppress, by local legislature, the negroes of that island.

No point on the Southern coast is making better strides toward permanent prosperity than Newbern, N. C., whither a large amount of northern capital and enterprise has taken permanent root. As a proof of its growth, it is stated that one of the largest hotels in the United States is immediately to be built in that city.

Gen. Cass "still lives," at the ripe age of eighty-four years. He resides on Jefferson street, Detroit, in a handsome modern built dwelling, while his son occupies the old family homestead, two squares distant. Though afflicted with the feebleness and forgetfulness naturally incident to his patriarchal age, he maintains better health and a more active spirit than could reasonably be supposed to belong to his time of life.

An able citizen of Jackson, Mississippi, publishes in the paper of that city an article on the negro question, in which he says there will be two parties in the coming State Convention—one a Free State party, and the other a pro-slavery party. The object of the latter is to hold on to the institution until a decision of the Supreme Court can be had on the constitutionality of the Emancipation Proclamation.

The Madrid journals states that the number of American families coming from the South of the United States to seek repose in Cuba is augmenting every day. Many of these voluntary exiles are capitalists, others excellent workmen; some again are perfectly acquainted with agriculture, and all can bring an important contribution to the prosperity of the island and to its wealth, already so remarkable.

Betsy Wilder, a negro woman, died in Richmond last week, aged 108 years. She was present at Yorktown, Va., when Cornwallis surrendered his army, and used to relate with peculiar pleasure many incidents connected with that memorable event. A son ninety years of age attended the funeral of his venerable mother. This old negro man resides at Petersburg, and apparently bids fair to attain even a greater age than his mother.

The Richmond correspondent of the New York Tribune reports that while Gen. Terry and wife were returning from a carriage ride, in turning the corner of Broad and Twelfth streets, three specimens of Virginia's feminine F. F. V's. indulged in the characteristic salutations of all Coperheads—hissing. The General gave the nostrils of his probosis a gentle elevation and serenely passed on. This is not the first insult offered the uniform or person of a Union man on the streets of this city, and more especially since the just and timely action of the General in issuing Order No. 72 setting aside the late election.

Southern Immigration.

The Augusta (Georgia) Chronicle and Sentinel says:

We are glad to notice the effort making at the North to encourage immigration to the Southern States. Now that slavery no longer exists, it has become a social necessity to break up and abandon the plantation system which has hitherto prevailed in our midst. The Government, we doubt not, favors this policy, and the best interests of our people require its early and uniform adoption.

There are many and obvious advantages that would arise from the substitution of small freeholders for those large landed estates which have fostered the aristocratic element in Southern society. One of these advantages would be the improvement of our system of husbandry. Heretofore our agriculture has been conducted on a plan that has yielded the very minimum of profits for the amount of capital invested.

We question if the average profits of agricultural industry in this country are much, if at all, greater than in the worst cultivated districts of France and Spain. We have suffered ourselves to be blinded by the heavy exportation of cotton, rice, etc., forgetting that these crops were consumed in the payment of Northern debts; and that we are all the time growing poor, when compared with other sections of the Union. The late war did not more clearly establish our military inferiority as a section, than it developed our relative pecuniary weakness. The plantation system, in connection with slave labor, is one reason why the South, despite its advantages of the soil and its climate, is behind the other section of the Union in population and in its industrial enterprises.

South Carolina has suffered more from this cause than any other Southern State. Her Bluffton chivalry would be satisfied with nothing but a big plantation swarming with negro laborers. Georgia, as early as 1830, distributed by lottery many thousands of forty acre lots, and the consequence is seen in the relative States. In 1790 South Carolina had double the population of Georgia, but now the figures are reversed. Georgia has a white and colored population of one and a quarter millions, and her "erring sister" across the Savannah has, perhaps, seven hundred thousand, of which nearly two-thirds are colored. We urge, therefore, the speedy inauguration of some policy that shall encourage the multiplication of freeholds. Loyal land-owners will find this more advantageous to themselves than to keep their lands vacant, or even to lease them for a term of years.

A Girl's Foot Cut Off by a Reaper.

The Beaver Dam (Wis.) Citizen relates that a girl, about fifteen years of age, an adopted daughter of Luther Butts, residing in the town of Alto, Fond du Lac county, while driving a reaper, one day last week, was thrown from her seat and fell directly before the sickle. The man who was on the platform to rake instantly raised the sickle and apron, so that they might pass over her, but the heel of her shoe caught in some part of the machinery, so that the sickle cut her foot off exactly at the ankle joint, leaving it attached only by a small portion of skin, and then the same leg was broken in two places between the ankle and the knee, and the thigh painfully bruised, while a severe gash was cut in the calf of the other leg, before the horses could be stopped, and the girl released from her frightful situation. Immediate measures were taken to stop the flow of blood, and a messenger hurried off to get a surgeon, three of whom came to see the case, and the broken leg was amputated just below the knee by Dr. Butterfield, of Waupun. The young lady showed the most heroic pluck through the whole affair, bearing it all without a groan or a complaint, and at last accounts she was doing well.

Colorado Jewett is at Niagara Falls, with a big colonization scheme on his hands.

THE NASBY PAPERS.

[Written for the Cincinnati Commercial.]

MR. NASBY SEARCHES THE SCRIPTURES AND GETS COMFORT THEREFROM.

SAINT'S REST, (which is in the stait uv Noo Gersy,) August 11, 1865.—The contemplashun uv the Nigger, hez, in time past, given me a grate deel uv trouble. Nigger hez to me bin a inknbus, a nitemare. I never cood see why the species wuz created, never cood I understand why they wuz put onto the face uv the earth, any more than toads or uther disgustin obgecks. But last nite a lite bust onto me—I seed it all!

I wuz low-sperited and deprest. Jeff. Davis a pinin in a loathsum dungun—the English cappitalists a mournin for their cotton bonds and refusin to be comforted because the Confederacy is not—Mrs. Surratt a danglin in the air—Military Courts plenty and habis corpusis skarce—the loosenis with which people put ther munny into 7-30s—the soljers returnin and goin for constooshnel dimekrats, and the ginral demoralization uv Dimocrisy, all conspired to give me the horrors, and to add to my distress, the Jug wuz out!! To avoid madnis, I took up the Bible (I board with a Justis uv the Peace who hez to keep one to sware witnesses on) and happened to open at the 9th chapter uv Jennysis. Yoo know all about that blessid chapter.

Noer, after the water went down, cum down from Aryrat, went into farmin and planted grapes extensive. One day he took a uip too much, and laid down with insuffishent clothin on to him. His 2d son Ham seed him in that fix, and when Noer awoke, while his hair wuz still pullin, he cust him, and his posterity, and sed they shood be servants forever.

Ham, (wich in the original Hebrew signifies a hind quarter uv a hog,) wuz the father uv the Afrikins, and they hev bin slaves ever sence.

I seed a lite to-wunst—I realized the importance uv the nigger. He is the connectin link in the chane uv circumstances wich led to the formashen of the Dimekratic party—he has kept the blessid old masheen a runnin to this day.

Observe.

Whisky (or wine, wich is the same thing), made Noer tight.

Ham seem Noer inebriated.

Noer cust Ham, wich turned him into a nigger and servant.

That the skripters mite be fulfilled, the children uv Ham wuz brot to Amerika, to be servance here.

Wikkid men set themseves agin the skripters, and tried to make men uv the niggers.

The Dimekratic party ariz for the purpose uv keepin the nigger down, and that deliteful biznis hez given them employment for morn 30 years.

Ez I shet the book I cood not help remarkin in the words uv the sammist:

"Good Lord upon what slender threds,
Hang everlastin things."

Sposin Noer, instid of plantin grapes, hed gone to practisin law, or into the grocery bizniss, or buyin prodoose on commishn, or puttin up patent medicins—he woodent hev got inebriated, he woodent hev cust Ham, Ham woodent hev turned black, there woodent bev bin no niggers, no Ablishnists, and consequently no Dimekrats.

Or, sposn all uv Ham's children had taken diptheria, and died—the same resulis wood hev follered.

Whisky made nigger, nigger made Dimocrisy. Take away whisky and nigger, and Dimocrisy woodent be of no more akkount than a one-armed man at a raisin.

Whisky! Nigger! Dimocrasy! Oh, savory trinity.

We don't none of us read the skripters euntf.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
Lait Paster uv the Church of the Noo Dispensashun.

A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from Newport, tells the following *good one:*

Mr. R. was here last summer. He is a gay customer. Sometimes he fights the tiger, and sometimes he gets drunk. Last summer he left here, owing a faro bank $2,200. Night before last he went into the same bank with $1,000 in cash, and increased it to $4,000 and stopped playing. He followed up his success by getting gloriously drunk, and, late at night, was put to bed by his urbane host. Before retiring, the gambler went to R.'s bed, took out his pocket-book, and abstracted $2,200, made out a receipt for the amount and placed it in one of the sections of the pocket-book and went to bed in the same room with Mr. R. The next morning the latter gentleman arose early, and, after divers cocktails, commenced counting his money. Presently he shouted to his friend—"By all that's good I've been robbed." "Oh, I guess not. I put you to bed and locked you in." "Didn't I make $3,000 last night?" asked R. "Yes," said the other. "Well, I'm —— if I've got $2,000 here." "Well, well, my dear fellow, don't you recollect paying me that $2,000 that stood over from last year?" inquired the gambler. "No; good gracious, did I?" said R. "Why, yes," said the other, "and I gave you the receipt in full, for fear you would not remember it, and you placed it in your wallet." R. fumbled over his pocket-book for a moment, took therefrom a piece of paper, perused its contents once or twice, and fell over on his pillow, muttering, "I always make a —— fool of myself when I'm drunk."

A. P. Stone--He Drank--He Gambled.

The Cleveland (O.) Leader closes a notice of the late defalcation and probable suicide of A. P. Stone, U. S. Collector at Columbus, with the following suggestive remarks:

If any man could be considered thrice-proof—"armed with triple brass"—against temptation—by religion, by reputation, by habit—it was he. And yet he fell. He drank—he gambled. In play he lost heavily. He played yet more deeply, hoping to retrieve his losses. He lost again. He exhausted his own resources, and, hoping for a turn of luck, he staked money which belonged to the Government. He lost again. He played wildly, desperately, fiercely; but he lost. He looks around and sees that he has not only fritted away his own fortune, but has squandered money not his own, for which he will be held to strict account. Dishonor and disgrace await him. He sees but one way to escape them, and, after days of doubt, culminating in despair—after an afternoon spent in groveling upon the graves of his children, born and reared in his honorable prime—after a night of wrestling with the demon that tempted him—he dies by poison, vainly hoping to escape the consequence of his own rashness and guilt.

The amount of his defalcation is estimated at different sums, all the way from $90,000 to $140,000. It is stated that his official bondsmen are not liable, as they had notified the Government some time since that they would be no longer responsible for the bond. This indicates that Mr. Stone's recent habits and embarrassments were known in Columbus, and it is to the discredit of those who knew the facts, that they did not relieve Mr. Stone from temptation and the Government from loss, by taking steps for his removal.

A PAPABLE HIT BY GEN. GRANT.—During the siege of Vicksburg, a knot of officers gathered around Gen. Grant, and for want of better employment, amused themselves in guessing the ages of prominent officers. Among the rest they discussed General McClernand, who was absent at the time, but whose consequential airs were notorious, and whose differences with General Grant were equally well known. One guessed that he was about fifty years of age. "Oh, no," said General Grant; "such a man was never gotten up in *fifty years.*" The hit was too palbable not to arouse the boisterous merriment of all around.

The Empress Eugenie has sent to Father Lafonte, pastor of the church of St. Vincent de Paul, of Cleveland, $1,000 toward the erection of an orphan asylum for the children of French parents. It will aid the good father very much in his laudable efforts to establish a French orphan asylum.

Atlantic Cable--How the First Break was Repaired.

The correspondent of the London Times describes as follows how the first defect of the cable was repaired:

As the lengths of wire of 100 or 150 miles were manufactured at Messrs. Glass and Elliott's they were taken down in barges and coiled away in the tanks on board the Great Eastern. Each as it arrived was of course spliced up to that which had preceded it, and this was often done in the tanks themselves. The operation of splicing not only means joining the conductor, but also joining the outside wires, the junction of the latter being made at different lengths—the bits of wire cut out being thrown away. It seems, however, that one of these atoms of wire, about two inches long, and as thick as a stout darning needle, fell on the coil unnoticed—as, indeed, who would notice it, or for a moment think of the consequences which its disregarded presence in such a spot might surely occasion? The weight of the layers of cable laid above this fragment—as insignificant as a shaving in a carpenter's shop—pressed it firmly into the tarred hemp which forms the outside covering of the cable. To this it adhered. While in the tank it did no harm, but when this portion came to be paid out, the small diameter of the eight leading wheels which give access to the paying-out machine, and the weight of the jockey pulleys over these which keep the rope in its place, bent the stout iron wire so sharply that it passed between the hemp, piercing the gutta percha through at least two or three of its four folds, and there remained. In this state it was found, and instantly recognized as a piece of wire from a splice joint. A short length of cable was at once cut out, a new splice made, vigilantly tested, and gradually sunk. When on the bottom it was again retested for some hours, and the signals were shown to be absolutely perfect.

The Poverty of Statesmen.

Statesmen who are worthy of the appellation given them, generally fail to secure fortunes. They devote themselves to pursuits which, if honestly adhered to, rarely yield rich rewards.

Jefferson died comparatively poor. Indeed, if Congress had not purchased his library, and given for it five times its value, he would with difficulty have kept the wolf from his door.

Madison saved money, and was comparatively rich. To add to his fortune, however, or rather to that of his widow, Congress purchased his manuscript papers, and paid $30,000 for them.

James Monroe, the sixth President of the United States, died in New York so poor, that his remains found a resting place through the charity of one of his friends. They remain in a cemetery in School street, but no monument marks the spot where they respose.

John Quincey Adams left some $150,000, the result of industry, prudence, and inheritance. He was a man of method and economy.

Martin Van Buren died very rich. Throughout his political life he studiously looked out for his own interest. It is not believed that he ever spent thirty shillings in politics. His party shook the bush, and he caught the bird.

Daniel Webster squandered some millions in his life-time, the product of his professional and political speculations. He died leaving his property to his children, and his debts to his friends. The former sold for less than $20,000—the latter exceeded $250,000.

Henry Clay left a very handsome estate. It probably exceeded $100,000. He was a prudent manager, and a scrupulously honest man.

James K. Polk left about $150,000—$50,000 of which he saved from his Presidency of four years.

John Tyler left $50,000. Before he reached the Presidency he was bankrupt. In office, he husbanded his means; and then married a rich wife.

Zachary Taylor left $150,000.

Millard Fillmore is a wealthy man, and keeps his money in a strong box. It will not be squandered in speculation, nor squandered in vice.

Ex-President Pierce saved some $50,000 from his term of service.

The Miss Harris Case--A Statement by the Brother of Burroughs.

A brother of Burroughs, the Treasury clerk who was killed by Miss Harris, has just published a statement in reference to the letters read on the trial to show that Burroughs was engaged to be married to Miss Harris. The gist of the statement is, that only a part of the correspondence was read, and that part read in a mutilated shape; that Mr. Bradley, the attorney for Miss Harris, peremptorily refused to read letters which were brought to his notice, and which, it is asserted, refuted the idea of a marriage engagement between Miss Harris and the deceased. Reference is especially made to a letter dated January 19, 1862, terminating definitely all intimacy between the two parties in question. The statement is also made in regard to the deceased, that a month before his marriage, he spent a week in Chicago, and one evening mentioned to his intended wife that he had just been to call on "Mollie Harris," had informed her of his intended marriage, and she had told him she was engaged to a Mr. Devlin, of Baltimore. During the following winter he received, in Washington, a Chicago paper containing a notice of the marriage of Harris to Devlin, and on visiting Chicago with his wife, in September following, he proposed, and it was arranged that they should call on Mary on their return home through Baltimore. They were only prevented from the attempt to do so by an accident.

We give these statements for what they are worth, and as a closing feature of a very interesting and suggestive criminal trial.

Anecdote of Victor Hugo.

Those who have read Les Miserables will appreciate the following anecdote, which very recently was an item of gossip in Brussels:

"One morning, a few weeks since, an elderly and respectable gentleman might have been seen on the Place de l'Hotel de Ville, gazing with much curiosity at a sign over a tobaccouists. The words which excited his surprise were 'An Petit Gavroche.' Looking first on the sign and then at the number of the house, he said to the friend who was with him, 'I really don't understand that; it certainly was here!' Without more consideration he entered, and speaking to an elderly lady, said: 'I beg pardon, madam, but have you resided in this house very long?' 'No, monsieur, we have only been here about two years.' 'May I ask why you took that sign? and, if I am not too inquisitive, do you know M. Victor Hugo?' 'I do not; but I know little Gavroche, for I have read Les Miserables.' 'Did you like the book?' 'Indeed I did, for I, too, belong to the people. I have seen barricades, and I have been in prison for political opinion's sake.' From incidents in her career she turned aside to her political opinions, which were ultru Red Republican. On concluding a long list of these—for the subject was a favorite one, and her listener was very attentive—the gentleman held out his hand to her, saying: 'Madame, allow me to shake hands with you as a friend. I am the father of little Gavroche.' It was Victor Hugo. His astonishment upon seeing his little hero's name on a sign was doubled by its hanging on the house in which he commenced writing Les Miserables."

The Rogue's Gallery in Boston has been discontinued. One individual, who was sent to the State prison, and was shortly afterward pardoned, sued the Police Department for exhibiting his portrait in the gallery, and succeeding in convincing the jury that he was entitled to damages. This precedent established, it was deemed best to discontinue the gallery, as any rogue could do the same as this man, and the department could not stand the expense.

PROPOSALS.

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF STEAMBOATS, BARGES AND SHIP YARD.
Quartermaster General's office, Washington, D. C., July 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the office of the Quartermaster General (Bureau of Rail and River Transportation) at Washington, D. C., until the FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of the following named Steamboats, Barges and other property:

Sidewheel steamer Chickamauga, registered tonnage, 207 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Grant, registered tonnage, 190 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Burnside, registered tonnage, 204 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Thomas, registered tonnage, 140 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Sherman, registered tonnage, 140 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Wauhatchie, registered tonnage, 89 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Knoxville, registered tonnage, 36 tons
Sidewheel steamer Dunbar (wreck,) registered tonnage, —— tons;
Sternwheel steamer Kingston, registered tonnage, 93 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Kenesaw, registered tonnage, 166 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Bridgeport, registered tonnage, 184 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Holston, registered tonnage, 86 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Missionary, registered tonnage, 115 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Chattanooga, registered tonnage, 89 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Atlanta, registered tonnage, 221 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Resaca, registered tonnage, 182 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Lookout, registered tonnage, 173 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Stone River, registered tonnage, 214 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Clinch, registered tonnage, —— tons;
Also, seven (7) gunwale barges;
One rowboat and one model barge;
All of which can be seen at Chattanooga, Tenn., at any time prior to the day of sale.

Also, for the buildings, ways, stationary machinery and appurtenances in the United States Ship Building Yard at Chattanooga.

A full description of which can be seen at the offices of the Quartermasters of Transportation at Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Nashville and Chattanooga.

Proposals are invited for each boat or barge separately the name of the boat or description of the barge to be designated in the proposal.

A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Brevet Colonel Arthur Edwards, A Q M, St. Louis, Mo.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed and endorsed "Proposal for Steamers, Barges and other property at Chattanooga," "Bureau of Rail and River Transportation," and addressed to the Quartermaster General U S A, Washington, D C.

Payment to be made in United States currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

By order of the Quartermaster General.
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brig. Gen. and Chief of Rail and River Transportation.
aug9-1d

DRY GOODS.

JAMES M. STEVENS,
No. 628, MAIN STREET,
Nearly opposite Louisville Hotel,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Wholesale Dealer in

Hosiery,	Meerschaum Pipes,
Gloves,	Imitation do
Shirts	India Rubber do
Drawers,	Brier Root do
Suspenders,	Wood do
Handkerchiefs,	Pocket-Books,
Neck-Ties,	Pocket-Mirrors,
Scarfs,	Jewelry,
Combs,	Towels,
Brushes,	Soaps,
Buttons,	Pomades,
Threads,	Perfumery,
Ladies' Belts,	Travelling Bags,
Belt Buckles,	Violins,
Belt Ribbons,	Paper,
Velvet Ribbons,	Envelopes,
Silk, Worsted, and	Pencils,
Cotton Braids,	Pens, &c.;

Foreign & Domestic
NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS
In Great Variety.

We are constantly receiving New Goods adapted to the wants of the trade, which will be sold low for cash. COUNTRY and CITY MERCHANTS and SUTLERS are solicited to examine our stock.
feb27

CLAIM AGENCIES.

WM. H. DUNGAN, Late R. Q. M. 5th Ind. C. G. M. SMITH, Late R. Q. M. 13th Ky.

DUNGAN & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS
FOR THE
Collection of Government Claims
NO. 419 JEFFERSON, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH STREET, (UP STAIRS,)
Louisville, Ky.,

WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MAKING UP OFFICERS' RETURNS PROCURING CERTIFICATES OF NON-INDEBTEDNESS and COLLECTING BACK PAY; also PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, and all manner of LEGITIMATE CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

Our experience in the service and in the claim business, with two experienced partners in Washington, affords us superior facilities for the successful prosecution of all business entrusted to us.
ju15-3m DUNGAN & SMITH.

Important to Soldiers and their Families.

PROTECTIVE
WAR CLAIM
AND
PENSION AGENCY,
ESTABLISHED BY THE
U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION

SOLDIERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ASSISTED IN THE COLLECTION OF PENSIONS, PAY AND BOUNTY, WITHOUT CHARGE TO CLAIMANTS.

OFFICE.—In the second story, front room, over the Warehouse of the Commission on Fifth street, between Main and Market streets, Louisville, Ky. Address

H. H. Burkholder,
ju14-tf CLAIM AGENT FOR THE U. S. SAN. COM.

MILLS.

High Street Planing Mill
MUNROE & HATCH.

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND FLOORING, Weather Boarding, Pine and Poplar Joist and Scantling, and Building Material generally. Sawing, Re-splitting, Plaining, etc., done promptly. Also Doors, Sashes and Blinds made to order, together with all kinds of Tobacco and other boxes. Orders solicited. Postoffice Box 527. High street near Twelfth. ma3-tf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

PH. HIRSHFELD,
CIGAR MANUFACTURER,
218 Third St., bet. Main and Market,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS, MEERSCHAUM Pipes, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, at reduced prices. jy24-ly

BRIGGS GOLD COMPANY.
ELEVENTH DIVIDEND.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE has been declared payable July 31st, 1865, to shareholders of record July 25th, 1865. Transfer books closed from July 25th to August 1st, 1865.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer,
aug8-5t 81 John street, New York.

PROFESSIONAL.

BEN. H. BRISTOW., JOHN FELAND.
BRISTOW & FELAND,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.
Will give prompt their attention to all business entrusted to their care. au-28-D

A. M. STOUT,
(Late Col. 17th Regt. Ky. Vol. Inf.)
Attorney at Law,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS RETURNED TO THE PRACTICE OF HIS PROfession, and will practice in all the Federal, Military and State Courts held in the city, and prosecute claims against the United States. Office in the Law School Building, on Court Place near the Court House. ju14-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

PIANOS,
PIANOS,
PIANOS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING A LARGE ASSORTMENT of first class

PIANOS.

Which I will sell for CASH AT LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS' PRICES. Among them may be found the

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS
OF
WM. KNABE & CO.

Of Baltimore, to which I would invite the special attention of the profession.

Louis Tripp,
(LATE TRIPP & CRAGG,)
ju4-tf 321 FOURTH STREET.

JEWELRY.

J. J. HIRSCHBUHL,
Watchmaker
AND
JEWELLER,
No. 233 Main Street, one door above Third.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MILITARY GOODS, AS SWORDS, SABRES, PIStols, Military Trimmings, &c.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY and MILITARY GOODS. My store having been shut for several days on account of repairing damages by fire, is now open again for transaction of business. I have on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, of the best quality; also a full assortment of MILITARY GOODS, which I offer at reduced prices. Some slightly damaged jewelry and plated will be sold cheap, regardless of cost. Personal attention paid to repairing watches.

STOCK YARD.

SHELBY HOUSE STOCK YARD,
Cor. Main and Shelby.

TO DROVERS AND TRAVELERS:

THE SHELBY HOUSE STOCK YARDS ARE IN COMplete order, being floored, covered and supplied with hydrant water in every pen. Arrangements have been made for grass of the best quality within half an hour's drive from the pens, for all stocks that may put up with us. Our house will be found at all times in good order, and our table supplied with the best in the market. The proprietors pledge themselves to spare no efforts to render their guests comfortable in every particular. Prices moderate, to suit the times.

Being very thankful for past patronage, we hope by strict attention to our business to merit a continuance of the same. Information cheerfully given to our friends, and all communications of inquiry promptly answered.
ja5-tf & BROOKING

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

A. V. DuPONT & CO.,
Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in
PAPER
Highest market price paid for rags
10,000 Reams assorted Wrapping Paper;
500 Reams Straw Boards;
550 gross Bonnet Boards;
100 cases assorted Letter Paper;
1,000 reams Manilla Paper;
2,000,000 Envelopes--assorted;
FOR SALE BY
A. V. DuPONT & CO.,
ma16-tf 409 MAIN STREET.

RAILROAD.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, OPposite Louisville:

9:30 A. M. Chicago Express daily, (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West; also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy, and all points in Central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detroit, Chicago, and all points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express, daily, making direct connections for all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnati and all Eastern cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati. Baggage checked through from the Hotels.

For further information and through tickets apply to the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open Sundays from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M. S. S. PARKER, Agent.
B. F. MASTEN, Supt. mar14

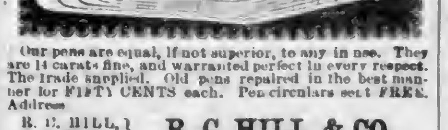
Louisville & Nashville Railroad.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 4, TRAINS WILL run as follows:
5:00 A. M. Through Freight for Nashville and all way Stations daily (except Sunday.)
6:30 A. M. Passenger Train for Lebanon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville and Columbia daily (except Sunday.)
7:00 A. M. Mail and Passenger Train for Nashville, Bowling Green and Clarksville daily.
7:15 A. M. Freight for Lebanon Branch Road on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
3:30 P. M. Accommodation Train for Bardstown daily (except Sunday.)
6:00 P. M. Freight for Nashville, Bowling Green and Memphis Branch daily (except Sunday.)
6:00 P. M. Express Passenger Train for Nashville daily.
jy74-tf B. MARSHALL, Supt. Transportation.

GOLD PENS.

LOUISVILLE GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY.
The only House that Manufactures Pens South of the Ohio River. Please Call and Satisfy Yourselves.



Our pens are equal, if not superior, to any in use. They are 14 carats fine, and warranted perfect in every respect. The trade supplied. Old pens repaired in the best manner for FIFTY CENTS each. Pen circulars sent FREE. Address

R. C. HILL, J. S. HILL. } R. C. HILL & CO.,
Gold Pen Manufacturers,
ju12-tf 407 Main and 333 Third sts., Louisville, Ky

LOST.

LOST—CERTIFICATE.—This day personally appeared before me, A. L. Ashby, who states that he is the owner of No. 5137 certificate of stock for 5 shares in the Bank of Kentucky, and that he did on or about the 25th of November, 1864, lose from his pocket on the street of Owensboro, Ky., said certificate of stock; said stock to five shares $100 each. The undersigned herewith calls upon all persons to show cause why a new certificate of stock shall not be issued to him, by the officers of said bank in lieu of the one lost. A. L. ASHBY.
Sworn to before me by A. L. Ashby, on 14th Feb., 1865.
Attest: J. THOMAS, Clerk Daviess Cir. Court.
feb18-W

PROPOSALS.

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF STEAMBOATS, WHARFBOATS, BARGES AND OTHER PROPERTY.
Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, D. C., July 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following-named Steamboats, Wharfboats, Barges, and other property.

At Cincinnati, Ohio, until Monday, August 28, 12 M.
For the sternwheel steamboat D. C. Horton, registered 140 tons.
Sternwheel steamboat General Meigs, registered 75
Sternwheel steamboat General Crook, (formerly B. Levi,) registered 131 tons.
And two (2) wharfboats, registered 154 and 145 tons.
All of which can be seen at Gallipolis, O., until the day of sale.
One (1) wharfboat, lying at Parkersburg, Va.;
One (1) wharfboat, lying at Catlettsburg, Ky.;
And the model barges Horace and Capitola, lying at Cincinnati, Ohio;
All of which can be seen at those places until the day of sale.

At Louisville, Ky., until Wednesday, August 30, 12 M.,
For the model barges Charmer, Henry Clay, Woolfolk, Payne No. 5 and B. Norton, and for seventeen (17) gunwale barges;
All of which can be seen at Louisville, Ky., until the day of sale;
For the sidewheel steamboat D. A. January, registered 700 tons;
Sidewheel steamboat Ohio, (wreck,)
Sternwheel tugboat T. D. Horner registered 139 tons;
And thirteen (13) gunwale barges;
All of which can be seen at New Albany, Ind., until the day of sale.

At St. Louis, Mo., until Tuesday, September 5, 12 M.
Sidewheel steamer Autocrat, registered 862 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Izetta, registered 476 tons;
Sidewheel steamer J H Baldwin, registered 208 tons;
Sidewheel steamer John Raine, registered 620 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Metropolitan, registered 387 tons;
Sidewheel steamer R C Wood, (formerly the Louisiana,) registered 737 tons;
Sidewheel steamer Nebraska, registered 673 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Baltic, registered 710 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Emma, registered 194 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Victor, registered 80 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Alpha, registered 50 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Nick W Hughes, registered 180 tons;
Sternwheel (towboat) steamer Newsboy, registered 125 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Silver Lake, registered 140 tons;
Sternwheel steamer M V Baird, registered 91 tons;
Sternwheel steamer United States, registered 50 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Echo (sunk);
Sternwheel steamer Mattie Cabler, registered 180 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Porter, registered 113 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Alone, registered 211 tons;
Sternwheel steamer J S Pringle, registered 318 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Jennie Hopkins, registered 250 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Lioness (towboat), registered 233 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Carrie Jacobs, registered 156 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Annie Jacobs, registered 206 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Lotus, registered 150 tons;
Sternwheel steamer Virginia Barton, registered 150 tons;
Screw tug J C Rumsey, registered 60 tons;
Sternwheel towboat Michigan, registered 128 tons;
Sternwheel towboat Huron, registered 128 tons;
Wharfboat Dearborn, 300 tons;
ALSO
For the model barges General Sheridan, Keokuk No. 1, Keokuk No. 2, Trenton, St. Louis, Hartford, Anna, Archie, Larimer, William Tell, Frank Dougherty, Duchess, Chancie Phillips, Vulcan No 1, Vulcan No. 2, Vulcan No. 3, Vulcan No. 4, Vulcan No. 5, Vulcan No. 6, Vulcan No. 7, Rosa, Glendale, Rowena, J C Ganit, Bob Grier, Dan Kisely, Ed Kline, Susie, Jessie, Gilmore, Southerner, Guthrie, C J Caffrey, Ben. Gerrish, Cartwright, and burnt wrecks of the Guthrie, Haight and Hercules;
And seven (7) gunwale barges;
All of which can be seen at St. Louis, Mo., until the day of sale.
Also, one (1) wharf boat, 300 tons; wharfboat, (J C Irwin,) 118 tons; seventy-seven gunwale barges; model barges Emma, Fanny, Adam Sproule, Laura and Roanoke; six (6) coal boats; one (1) yawl boat; four (4) skiffs; and two (2) small flats;
All of which can be seen at Cairo, Ill., until the day of sale.
Also, sternwheel steamer Lue Eaves, registered 50 tons; model barges Austerlitz, Westmoreland, Roanoke, Josephine and No 9, and three (3) box barges;
All of which can be seen at Evansville, Ind., until the day of sale.
Also, screw tug Little Giant, registered 53 tons, and six (6) gunwale barges;
All of which can be seen at Memphis, Tenn., until the day of sale.
Also, one (1) wharf boat, 426 tons; one (1) gunwale barge and two (2) coal boats;
All of which can be seen at Helena, Ark., until the day of sale.
Also, wharf boat H R W Hill, 300 tons; wharf boat Michigan, 137 tons; wharf boat Chancellor, 365 tons; five (5) gunwale barges and one (1) coal boat;
All of which can be seen at the Mouth of White river until the day of sale.
Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.
Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property endorsed thereon, and addressed to Brig. Gen. L. B. Parsons, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of River Transportation, at the points designated for opening bids.
The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.
Payment to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.
A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Colonel Arthur Edwards, Assistant Quartermaster, St. Louis, Mo.
By order of the Quartermaster General
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier General, and Chief of Rail and River Transportation. aug8-1d

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF STEAMBOATS, WHARF-BOATS, BARGES, AND OTHER GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, D. C., July 29th, 1865.—SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following named Steamboats, Wharf-boats, Barges, and other property:

At Little Rock, Arkansas, until Monday, September 11th, 12 M., for the Side-wheel Steamer Davenport (ferry-boat,) registered 139 tons.
Stern-wheel Steamer Convoy, No. 2, registered 111 tons.
Which can be seen at Little Rock, Arkansas, until the day of sale.

At Vicksburg, Miss., until Friday September 15th, 12 M., for Screw Tug Belle Darlington, registered 84 tons.
One (1) Wharf-boat, 796 tons.
One (1) Wharf-boat, 787 tons.
Model Barges Porter Rhodes and Geo. B. McClane.
Nine (9) Gunwale Barges.
Forty (40) Coal Boats.
One (1) Yawl and one (1) Floating Dock.
All of which can be seen at Vicksburg, Miss., until the day of sale.

At Natchez, Miss., until Monday September 18th, 12 M., for one Wharf-boat, 700 tons.
Model Barge Mollie.
Five (5) Gunwale Barges.
Three (3) Coal Boats.
All of which can be seen at Natchez, Miss., until the day of sale.

At New Orleans, La., until Wednesday, October 4th, 12 M., for the Model Barge Mulligan, and one (1) Coal Boat.
Which can be seen at Port Hudson, Louisiana, until the day of sale.
For the Wharf-boat Natchez, 700 tons; and two (2) Coal Boats.
Which can be seen at Baton Rogue, Louisiana, until the day of sale.
Also, for the Side-wheel Steamer Colonel Holcomb, (building,) registered, 231 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Illinois, registered, 600 tons.
Side-wheel steamer W. B. Savory, registered 62 tons.
Side-wheel Steamer J. M. Brown, registered 339 tons.
Side-wheel steamer A. G. Brown, registered 229 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Ohio Belle, registered 380 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Mustang, registered 178 tons.
Side-wheel steamer St. Charles, registered 557 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Diana, registered 780 tons.
Side-wheel steamer E. H. Fairchilds registered 651 tons.
Side-wheel steamer B. J. Adams registered 667 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Switzerland, registered 519 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Ida May, registered 210 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Iowa, registered 482 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Altamont, registered 392 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Dick Fulton No. 2, registered 118 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Colonel Benedict, registered 181 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Colonel Chandler, registered 20 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Cornie, registered —— tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Lizzie Davis, registered —— tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Colonel Chapin, registered —— tons.
Screw Tug Leviathan, registered 324 tons.
Screw Tug Binnie Banks, registered 32 tons.
Screw Tug Baltic, registered 113 tons.
Screw Tug Captain Pitkins (now building.)
Screw Tug (no name and now building.)
Screw Tug George E Tyler, registered 116 tons.
Screw Tug America, registered 418 tons.
Screw Tug Hancox, registered 180 tons.
Screw Tug Admiral, registered 163 tons.
Screw Tug Gladiator, 171 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Kepper, registered 51 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer General Ransom, registered 104 tons
Centre-wheel steamer Colonel Colburn, registered 91 tons.
Model Barges Nos. 10, 11, and Abbey.
Canal Boat Rosalie.
Ten (10) Gunwale Barges.
Twenty-four (24) Pontoon Boats.
Four (4) Yawl Boats, one (1) Sail Boat, one (1) Metallic Boat, five (5) skiffs, and one (1) sett of Ways.
All of which can be seen at New Orleans, Louisiana, until the day of sale.

At Mobile, Alabama, until Thursday, October 12th, 12 M., for the side wheel steamer Laura Hill, registered 783 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Warrior, registered 466 tons.
Side-wheel steamer James Battle, registered 621 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Ariel, registered 102 tons.
Side-wheel steamer N. W. Thomas, registered 511 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Starlight, registered 351 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Iberville, registered 566 tons.
Side-wheel steamer J. D. Swain, registered 227 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Jennie Rogers, registered 348 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer R. B. Hamilton, (sunk) registered 199 tons.
Screw Tug Perry, registered 154 tons
Screw Tug Alph Cutting, registered 95 tons.
Screw Tug Blossom, registered 54 tons.
Model Barge Ford.
Canal Boat Golden Era
Canal Boat (no name.) Forty (40) Pontoon Barges. Thirty (30) Yawl Boats, and three (3) Sectional Docks.
All of which can be seen at Mobile, Alabama, until the day of sale.

Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge, should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.
Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property, endorsed thereon, and addressed to Brig. General L. B. Parsons, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening bids.
The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.
Payments to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.
A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Colonel Arthur Edwards, assistant Quartermaster, St. Louis, Mo.
By order of the Quartermaster General:
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier General and Chief of Rail and River Transportation.
August 8—dtd,

THE DAILY PRESS

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1865.

OFFICE---PRESS BUILDING
NO. 109
JEFFERSON STREET,
LOUISVILLE.

News of the Day.

The great forgery of gold checks has produced an immense sensation in New York. It has caused the failure of several large firms besides that of Morris Ketchum & Co. The Trades' and Importers' Bank holds $335,000 of the forged checks as collateral security for money loaned. The broker, Graham, will lose, it is stated, about a million.

In the Mississippi State convention yesterday resolutions were adopted appointing a committee to inquire what alterations and amendments to the State Constitution will be necessary to bring the State in proper relations with the Federal Government, and appointing a committee of the same number to inquire what action should be taken in regard to the ordinance of secession adopted in January, 1861. Some of the ablest men in the State are members of the convention.

Gen. J. D. Cox, Union candidate for Governor of Ohio, opened the canvass in that State on Monday, at Warren, Trumbull county.

The Democrats of Philadelphia have nominated Daniel S. Fox for Mayor.

Hon. Jas. Howard, of Portland, was nominated for Governor by the Democratic State Convention of Maine on Tuesday.

Maj. Gen. Schofield has obtained a year's furlough for a tour through Europe.

The successor of Mr. Holloway, Commissioner of Patents, is Hon. Thos. Theaker, of Ohio. Mr. Theaker was formerly a member of Congress.

Alex. McKee, of the Missouri Democrat, is an applicant for the appointment of Postmaster at St. Louis. The contest for the place is a sharp one. The Democrat has criticised pretty sharply some of the Federal appointments in Missouri lately. McKee has the endorsement of the Congressmen from that State.

Garrett Davis, of this State, is in Washington.

The amount of money appropriated by Congress at its last session, as shown by official records, was eight hundred and twenty-one millions.

Real Estate Agents in Washington are beginning to advertise long lists of Maryland and Virginia farms for sale. The Virginia lands are generally held, as yet, at high prices, while those in Maryland go off at comparatively low rates.

General Fullerton, who has been among the freedmen of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, makes a very favorable report of the present working of free labor in those States, to the Freedmen's Bureau at Washington.

By an arrival at St. Louis from Fort Benton, we have information that Gen. Sully's expedition had returned to Fort Rice, and had made treaties with three large bands of Indians.

A movement is on foot among the colored people of the District of Columbia, to secure the right of suffrage in the municipal elections; and a bill covering this object will be presented at an early period of the next session of Congress.

One of the Republican candidates just nominated for Representative to the Legislature from Polk county (Des Moines) Iowa, is Hoyt Sherman, Esq., brother of Major General W. T. Sherman, and Senotor John Sherman, of Ohio.

A letter from an American officer in Mexico, serving on the staff of Juarez, says there are now enlisted in the Liberal cause an army of 6,000 to 7,000 Americans, every man of whom has served in the Union or rebel armies during the rebellion. He thinks no fears need be entertained of eventual success.

A number of Presbyterian clergymen of the secesh persuasion in St. Louis, have joined in a lengthy address to their brethren in the interior, declaring that they cannot and will not take the oath required by the new Constitution. Gov. Fletcher proposes to attend to the case of these gentlemen as soon as the time fixed by law expires.

The emigration westward this season is said to be larger than at any former time since the California excitement. It is stated that over five thousand trains and more than forty thousand head of stock passed Fort Laramie in the month of May. These emigrants are largely made up of sturdy, hard-working men, who are accompanied by their families, and are just the right material to develop the rich resources of the Western territories. A gentleman from Iowa says that the emigration to that State this season is unprecedented.

Our Andersonville Martyrs.

A private letter from Capt. James M. Moore, A. Q. M., who was dispatched to Andersonville, Ga., for the purpose of decent burial to the remains of our prisoners who were murdered by the late rebel authorities, has been received in Washington. Capt. M. writes under date of July 26:

"We are encamped within one hundred yards of the prison pen of Andersonville, and it is, in the fullest sense of the work, nothing more than a pen. A human pen, where thirty thousand of our brave soldiers were huddled together in an enclosure not two hundred yards long and scarcely one hundred wide, where they were exposed to the rays of an almost tropical sun for months, resulting in the death of thousands. This prison-pen should never be permitted to be destroyed, but should stand until its stockade falls to the ground by decay, so that the unbelieving of the North may be able to look on this ground and convince themselves of the inhuman cruelties perpetrated by the Southern leaders on our prisoners. This is about the hottest place in the South. There are yet about fourteen thousand head-boards to letter and put up, and I may not get home before the latter part of August."

A MAN COMMITS SUICIDE BY BUTTING HIS OWN BRAINS OUT.—On Friday evening last, a German named Andrew J. Volk, about thirty years of age, and a blacksmith by trade, was arrested on the street and taken to the Central Station House, and was supposed to be of unsound mind. He was incarcerated in one of the cells and laid down as if to sleep. In the course of an hour or two he awoke and got up on the bench on which he had been lying, and threw himself head foremost on the stone floor. Before the turnkey could interfere, Volk had jumped up and was butting his head against the door of his cell. Efforts were then made to prevent him from butting his head against anything else, and a physician was sent for. His head was badly cut, and the blood flowed profusely. After the turnkey and officer had tied Volk's legs and arms, he kept beating his head against the stone pavement of the calaboose. At last the ambulance was got ready and the officers started to carry him to the City Hospital, and when the ambulance reached the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, Volk was found to be dead.—[St. Louis Democrat.

There appears to be a young Grant, son of the Lieutenant General, who has a high appreciation of the merits of his father, and an estimate that is not reduced by shrinking modesty of the consequence of the family. In substantiation of this, we quote from the Quebec correspondence of the Boston Advertiser:

"The people at the Waterville station were so intently employed in staring at the General, that they forgot all about cheering until little Jesse Grant—the pet of the family and of the party—who was standing behind his father on the platform, flung his hat up and screamed out in his shrill, childish voice: 'Three cheers for General Grant and family!' This loosed the tongue of the people, and the cheers were heartily given."

A California "Democratic" editor threatened to sue for libel if anybody called him a traitor, whereupon one of his cotemporaries dubbed him "Confederate patriot."

EXPATRIATION OF REBELS.

Side by side in yesterday's Journal we noticed two editorial articles which strike us as making an odd mixture, or at least if we found them elsewhere we should be more or less surprised at their incongruity. From a source so afflictingly "sandwiched" as the Journal professes to be, "between a rebel and an Abolitionist," such contradictions are not to be wondered at probably. In one of these articles the editor advocates the repeal of the expatriation law in Kentucky; in the other he laments the defeat of M. Yeaman in the Second Congressional District. In the one he says:

We do favor the repeal of the expatriation law of Kentucky. That law, in our opinion, does no good. We regard it as unnecessary, and, in not a few cases, oppressive. The legislation of Congress appears to us to be all-sufficient. The repeal of the State law would of course open the way of some rebels to the polls, but we think that it would open the way to quite as many, if not more, returned Confederates sincerely penitent and truly intent upon leading loyal lives.

The reader will note in passing the singularly fine distinction between a "rebel" and a "Confederate."

In the other article the editor declares, and we believe justly, that

A *majority of the men who voted against* Mr. Yeaman would go against *anything* that the Government or the loyal party wants done. Many of them are fools enough to think that slavery can be restored, and *all of them would like to see the Government in more trouble.*

We think this paragraph alone furnishes an adequate and all-sufficient reply to the other article entire. Preceding it is a statement from a "prominent gentlemen" in the district, for whose intelligence the Journal vouches, to the effect

That the bitterness, vindictiveness, and malice felt toward the Government, the amendment, and all men like Mr. Y., are appalling. Our informant has no doubt that there is more of the feeling of rebellion this day in Kentucky than in South Carolina or Virginia.

The Journal, so far from dissenting from this, adds the paragraph quoted above. It seems tolerably plain to our mind that we are not as a State, in a condition to forego the little advantage our expatriation law affords to Union men and Union principles, with such a "feeling of rebellion" as that in our midst. In spite of the law, it is true, as the Journal says, "that the very *worst kind* of rebels voted without restriction" in many places in the district. The law has proved, nevertheless of some restraint, and numerous sections of the State have been shielded by it from the mischievous votes of the very worst kind of rebels. Had it been possible to secure a uniform and perfect execution of the law, there is no shadow of doubt that the Union party would have carried the election recently by a majority adequate to secure the passage of the amendment and wheel Kentucky fairly and squarely into the line of loyal States. But even an imperfect execution of the law is vastly better than nothing. And if the violations of it are vigorously and fearlessly brought to punishment, as we trust and expect they will be, our next election will reveal still more amply, the benefits of the law. Why should the law be repealed? The reason given by the Journal is as follows:

Of course all returned Confederates must take the oath of fidelity to the Constitution and the laws, and, although a portion of them will unquestionably disregard and violate the spirit and the letter of their oaths, it is probably better that this should be than that we should have a large disfranchised class in our State—proscribed men—persons feeling that they have no power, and consequently little or no interest in the Government, regarding it with hate and not with love, viewing it as their tyrant and not their friend or protector, and having nothing to do politically except to plot and conspire against the Commonwealth.

Would their plotting and conspiring against the Commonwealth be any less effective from having the elective franchise? They plot as it is, and vote as it is, to the limit of their ability and chances. We certainly prefer taking the risk of their plottings when they feel "that they have no power," to that of giving them full swing after they have exhibited such unequivocal determination to "go against anything the Government wants done." Some years hence the repeal of this law may be in order, but not yet, not whilst a large class of persons are in the State who would like to see the "Government in more trouble," and who will "go against anything the Government wants done." Don't put into the hands of such contumacy the tremendous weapon of the ballot.

It is not worth while to cite the example set by President Johnson in his general amnesty to the inhabitants of the revolted States. The restoration of those States to the Union is not yet sufficiently far advanced to make the example relevant, or the cases parallel. Everybody knows that if those States apply for readmission with a majority of their voters determined to go against anything the Government wants done, or without first ratifying the Constitutional amendment, as the security and warrant of their actual penitence and returning loyalty, they will be summarily rejected. President Johnson's amnesty does not restore the rebels to citizenship in the United States. It gives them an opportunity to manifest their worthiness to once more receive that boon. Let them make such a display of their qualities as the Journal admits our Kentucky rebels have done, and the grass will grow over them before their citizenship is restored. It must be remembered, moreover, that no Kentucky rebel has the plea which multitudes in the seceded States can urge, whether sincerely or not, namely: That they had to choose between treason to the nation and treason to their State. Our rebels were disloyal to both State and nation. And now if they think a few years disfranchisement, a tyrannical and cruel punishment, for their double crime, and are roused by it to plottings and hatred, it simply shows how totally undeserving they are of the leniency that spares their miserable lives.

MISTAKEN IMPORTANCE.

The pert youngster who reports events with brilliant additions entirely original, for the Cincinnati Commercial over the signature of "Mack," struts as follows in a late letter to that journal:

The Louisville PRESS, and other small fry concerns, "pitch into" me in very prolific style, but I can't see that they have helped the matter any. They have not disproved a single assertion that I made, and I can assure them that they can befriend those whose cause they have so indiscreetly espoused in no way so well as by keeping vigorously silent. They will certainly fail in their attempts to make out of the Lexington election any thing but an outrage upon the rights of citizens.

Mr. self-conceit Mack is a little mistaken in supposing that our "prolific" energy was expended upon him. We were firing at bigger game. We took his measure whilst we were in the army witnessing events, and reading from time to time his reports of the same. We agree fully with the Chicago Republican that "Mr. Mack is rather poor evidence." We presumed his report of the Lexington election had the usual ornamentation of fancy that accompanies his record of facts, but we nevertheless, in the absence of rebutting testimony, conceded the possibility of his having stated the facts just as they were. The point we made was, that admitting his report to be true, it furnished no shadow of justification for the assault committed by the Commercial upon Gen. Palmer.

"Mr. Mack" and the Commercial may be synonymous, but we didn't so understand it, or we should not have wasted so much of the "prolific" on the latter.

STATE TREASURER.

The death of Col. James H. Garrard, State Treasurer, makes it incumbent upon Governor Bramlette to appoint a succesor to serve until another election can be held in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the State. We have heard but one name mentioned in connection with the appointment—that of Capt. Wm. L. Neale—and we are certain the Governor could not more completely meet the wishes of the Union people of this city, and of the State, than by appointing Capt. Neale to fill the vacancy. The fact of his being the choice of the Union men at the late election for the important position, receiving an unexpectedly large vote in the State, added to his undoubted fitness for the place, point to him as the most proper person for the appointment.

MAJOR GENERAL WHITAKER.

The friends of General Whitaker will be gratified to learn that he has been made a Major General of volunteers for gallantry and distinguished service in the Atlanta campaign, and for meritorious services in the field. Gen. Whitaker has been serving as President of the Military Commission convened in this city for several months past.

WADE HAMPTON AND JOE JOHNSTON.

From Major Nicholas' "Story of The Great March" we copy the following on the personal appearance of these two celebrities in the rebel army. The observations were made during the famous conference resulting in the capitulation of the forces under Johnston:

Wade Hampton, a large and powerful man, gave but little opportunity for a critical examination of the graces of his person; for during the morning he lay stretched, in an indifferent manner, upon an old carpenter's bench by the side of the house; and when he aftewards followed his superior out of the enclosure, dangling after him an immense sword which must have been imported for the occasion, either Nature or the tailor, or both, gave him an appearance of vulgarity and clumsiness which surprised those who had been educated to believe that a South Carolinian who owned many slaves was necessarily an elegant and refined gentleman. It should be said of Hampton's face—that is, what could be seen of it behind a beard which was unnaturally black for a man of fifty years of age—that it seemed bold even beyond arrogance; and this expression was, if possible, intensified by the boastful fanfaronade which he continued during the whole period of the conference.

General Johnston, whom we had an opportunity of observing later in the day, is a man of medium height and striking appearance. He was dressed in a neat gray uniform, which harmonized gracefully with a full beard and mustache of silvery whiteness, partly concealing a genial and generous mouth, that must have become habituated to a kindly smile. His eyes, dark brown in color, varied in expression—now intense and sparkling, and then soft with tenderness, or twinkling with humor. The nose was Roman and the forehead full and prominent. The general cast of the features gave an expression of goodness and manliness, mingling a fine nature with the decision and energy of the capable soldier. These were my impressions of Gen. Joe Johnston, as I saw him, now assenting to some proposition of Gen. Sherman, put forth in his acute, energetic manner, or when in conversation with a brother officer of the old army, Gen. Barry, met here for the first time in many years.

A SOUTHERN OPINION OF CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.

Southern journals make appeals from time to time to their Northern contemporaries, in a tone of mixed petulance and pathos, for more charity and candor in their analysis of Southern leaders and their motives. The Mobile Tribune of August 2d contains the following example of charity and candor:

The Judge, before he made his recent tour through the South, believed that every white man within these States was too lazy to work, and, instead of going out in the morning to get the meat that was desired for dinner, would seize a young negro and pitch it into the dinner pot, to be served up for the postprandial meal. By diligent inquiry he found out that this was not true; and so he agreed to make a compromise between his prepossessions and the facts he discovered in his journey. The result is announced in the telegraphic report which we reprint above. We do not eat little negroes, as he believed, but we are so lazy that he seems to be tearful that, as we do not eat them, we are bound, from our demoralized condition, to be presently eaten by them. Well, this is what he has been teaching for many years—the right of the negro to eat the white man.

But why should a sensible man deal with such folly? The expression of it shows with how little wisdom the world is governed, and shows, moreover, how little wisdom there is in the fanatical hosts of which Judge Chase is the most conspicuous member; and yet this man was feted and caressed in his travels through the South by Southern men and Southern women!

Spurious and Genuine Greenbacks.

On inquiry at the United States Treasurer's office, it has been ascertained that of the large amount of notes presented for redemption, not more than from one and a half to two per cent., if so many, are counterfeit. The spurious notes are easily detected, and are promptly branded "counterfeit" with an iron constantly kept heated for that purpose. Of course, the holders, and not the Treasury, bear the loss. From fifty to one hundred dollars of such currency, of various denominations, is destroyed every day.

No knowledge of counterfeit National Bank notes has come to the bureau, nor of ones or twos of United States currency. The latter denominations are, however, altered to represent higher amounts, and some photograph fives are in circulation. A tolerably well executed five dollar note recently found its way to the Redemption Bureau, having previously been stamped as counterfeit by an Eastern bank. The most numerous counterfeits are on the fractional currency.

FRUITLESS ATTEMPT TO TREAT WITH THE INDIANS.—From a gentleman of this city, who arrived here Sunday night on the Welcome, we learn that the attempt of General Sully to make peace with the Indians had proved futile. In the latter part of July Gen. Sully had a conference with some three hundred lodges of Indians, representing some two thousand warriors, who were willing to enter into a treaty of peace with the Government. Some sixty or seventy miles from Fort Rice there was a camp of six or seven thousand hostile Indians, composed of Sioux, Arrapahoes, Cheyenues, and other tribes, who, in reply to a proposition of Gen. Sully to come and confer with him on the subject of peace, stated that they did not want peace; that they were ready and willing to fight, and that they desired Gen. Sully, with his "little boys" to come and "pitch in" as soon as he pleased. Gen. Sully had orders not to make war but to proceed to Devil's Lake, and had already started for the latter place when our informant left.—[Kansas City Adv., 8th.

CITY AND GENERAL NEWS.

HOUSEKEEPERS' HEADQUARTERS.—Al. Bourlier, on Fifth street, has the most complete assortment of goods in his line that has ever been offered in Louisville. Housekeepers who wish to preserve fruit will find at his establishment a large assortment of cans of the best make and finish. Besides he has everything that is required for a large or small family. Send him an order and he will furnish the best at the most reasonable terms.

We strolled through his large establishment yesterday and found workmen busily engaged in manufacturing the articles needed by families. In tin and sheet iron work he is prepared to undertake and complete any contract that may be offered, from fitting up a hotel range and kitchen to the smallest establishment.

He has employed an experienced man to carry on the roofing department, and will be pleased to do any kind of out-door work promptly. He has on hand a large quantity of roofing tin, which was bought at reasonable figures, and is prepared to furnish gutters, spouts and roofs at the most reasonable rates. By all means give Al. Bourlier a call before making your purchase. He considers it a pleasure to show his wares.

MISTAKEN ORDER—DRUMMING OUT.—Yesterday afternoon the citizens along Main street beheld a sight that has never occurred this city before—drumming a soldier out. The man, whose name is Cissell, and who belonged to an Indiana regiment, was tried before a Military Commission for using the following disrespectful language: "Lincoln is dead; I don't care a God damn; he has gone to hell." The Commission found him guilty and sentenced him to be taken to Jeffersonville Barracks under guard, and to be marched through the grounds of the barracks for two hours, with a placard containing the language used attached to his back, and then dishonorably discharged the service of the United States, with the loss of all pay and allowances. By some mistake the placard was placed upon his back at the Provost Mashal's office in this city, and a corps of musicians sent with him. As soon as they had left the Provost Marshal's office the negro guard fixed bayonets and the band struck up the "Rogue's March." The novel procession created quite a sensation in Main street. Capt. Drye is extremely mortified that such a mistake should occur. As it is over it cannot be helped, but we think the punishment was none too severe.

MASONIC TEMPLE.—There was a large and appreciative audience at Masonic Temple last night. Miss Kitty Blanchard as Fanchon needs no recommendation from us. She is perfect in the part. She has made such wonderful progress as to astonish even her most sanguine friends. Besides, she is a charming vocalist. This added to her talent and personal beauty makes her a very attractive actress. In time she will rival Maggie Mitchell and Agnes Robertson.

INQUEST NO. 391.—Held August 16, 1865, at the river, near Ferguson's mill, on the body of a white man, supposed to be a German. Verdict—Committed suicide at the above place, at or about 8 o'clock, A.M. August 13th, 1865, by drowning. He is about five feet, six or seven inches high, had on carpet shoes, blue jeans pants, and white shirt with small plaits.

J. C. GILL, Coroner.

The Chicago Republican, of the 10th, says the storm of the day before was the heaviest of the season. There was a tremendous rain, and great injury to the grain was expected; and the result in the market was a considerable advance in the price of grain.

JOKE.—A few days since a merchant of our city imbibed freely of the invigorating beverage, and fell asleep in his store. Some rascal took advantage of his sleeping innocence and stole his watch. It is admitted by all to be a *hog-gish* trick.

According to the Constitution and laws of Kentucky another election for State Treasurer can not be held until August, 1866. The vacancy in the office, caused by the death of Mr. Garrard, will therefore be filled by appointment by the Governor.

Yesterday Chief Gilmore and Officer Shanks arrested James Farley, Dan Lehan, and Erastus Fletcher, on the charge of being concerned in a robbery at Indianapolis a short time ago.

The city of Petersburg, Virginia, has been turned over to the civil authorities, "subject to the conditions specified in General Orders No. 48, from these headquarters."

STABBING.—A. Allen, a lad about ten years of age, was arrested by officer Bailey yesterday for stabbing a negro. The affair occurred in the upper part of the city. The negro is dangerously wounded.

Jennix, of the Indianapolis Jonrual, who has been studying natural history, concludes that the unicorn is so called from the fact of his wearing a *unique horn* on his head.

An individual who gave his name as Dan Daily was arrested for falsely representing himself as a police detective from Nashville.

It looks as though the Atlantic Cable will prove a failure. We have yet faint hopes that it will prove a success.

MARCHING ON.—Ninety colored people shook the dust of Kentucky from their feet yesterday.

We invite the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Glasgow Petroleum Company in another column.

The only arrest made by the military yesterday was that of William Curran for theft.

Officer Shanks arrested a horse-thief yesterday, by the name of Charles Smith.

COLONEL DAHLGREN'S COAT.—A Fortress Monroe dispatch of the 9th says: Information having been received at headquarters that the coat of the late Col. Dahlgren was in the hands of Charles Davis, of Mathews county, Va., an order was issued to Lieut. S. J. Townsend, Provost Marshal at Camp Hamilton, to go and secure it. The Lieutenant according left last Sunday, and on landing on the farm of one Barney Weston, on North river, was treated very rudely and disgracefully by the inhabitants, and by Weston in particular, who informed the Lieutenant and his men that they lived under civil law and could not have the military there, and spoke contemptuously of other military officers. They however ascertained that Mr. Davis had moved to Norfolk, and last night the Lieutenant succeeded in obtaining the Colonel's coat. It has five bullet holes in it. Weston's arrest has been ordered.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT—*Wednesday, August* 16—Andrew Monroe, Judge.—The will of Wm. A. Hinch was proved and ordered to record.

Wm. Kont filed a petition for license for a tavern at the Eight-mile House, on the Shelbyville pike.

Knapp & Co. filed a petition for license for a tavern at Knapp's Garden.

List of sales of the estate of Agnes Heatby filed for record.

Inventories of the estates of Chas. Schott, Agnes Heatby, Charles A. Moore, Jacob Nichols, and George Stinson were filed for record.

Wm. Baker filed a petition for license for a tavern on the Man's Lick road.

The following settlements were filed and continued for exceptions: Theo. Bentz, guardian of Edward and Alice Marrett; Theo. Brown, guardian of George Forman; Wm. H. Page, administrator of George S. Page; Edward J. Hikes, guardian of Henry C. Bartlett; John Doyle, guardian of Alice and Annie McPike; same, administrator of P. McPike; Wm. B. Hoke, guardian of Nancy A., Eliza J., Sarah C., Virginia M., and John W. Norton, and Constantine Taylor, administrator of P. Troxler.

J. M. Carroll qualified as notary public for Jefferson county.

J. F. Milhouse appointed guardian of Henry K. Milhouse, Malinda Kaye surety.

John H. Burge appointed guardian of Jane Williams, J. J. Wilson surety.

Caroline Bamberger appointed guardian of Rosa, Emanuel and Della Bamberger; J. Rothchild, surety.

Henry P. Marratt appointed guardian of Alia and Annie Marratt; Philip Fisher, surety.

The settlement of David L. Beatty, executor of Robert Beatty, was examined; approved and ordered to record.

The report of division of the estate of Elisha Owings was approved, and the Commissioners ordered to make deeds to the parties.

The will of Charles McCaffrey was proved and ordered to record. Margarett McCaffrey qualified as administratrix with the will annexed; J. B. Shields, surety.

Rev. E. M. Bachman, of the Roman Catholic Church, had license to perform marriage ceremony.

Rezine Mendel appointed administratrix of David Meudel; Joseph Medel, surety.

J. Rothchild appointed administrator of Simon Bamberger; Nathan Bloom and J. F. Bamberger, sureties.

Jacob Twenty appointed administrator of Henry R. Twenty, and J. M. Summer, surety.

Anna E. Bell appointed administrator of Robert A. Bell; Wm. Garvin, surety.

John Herb appointed administrator of Joseph Berwinger; George A. Baukhart, surety.

The will of Isaac Cromie was proved and ordered to record. William Cromie, one of the executors, gave bond with George W. Wicks, C. Henry Finck and Jos. Mitchell, sureties. John Gill, one of the executors, gave bond with C. N. Warren, A. V. Dupont, Michael Enright, D. McNaughten, E. Levering and W. N. Brown, sureties.

George W. Newman, appointed administrator of William Newman; Isaac Newman, surety.

Henry Miller had license for a tavern at the Two-Mile House.

Henry Thompson filed a petition for a license for a tavern in the county.

Joseph Renter, appointed guardian of Maggie Hammer; John Greener, surety.

John W. Milburn selected C. H. Barklay as his guardian, who gave bond with W. T. Owen, surety.

James McCaroley, qualified as executor of W. A. Odinch, E. D. Palmer and George L. Galbraith, sureties.

POLICE COURT, *Wednesday, August* 16.—Chris. Bonhiser, killing Otto Rush; continued until to-morrow. Jacob Erhart, charged with the same offense, was discharged on motion of the City Attorney.

Pat. Payor, assault on Alex. Dent; $200 to answer.

Loudy Howard, Chas. Williams and Frank Morris, disorderly conduct and drunk, fined $15 each, and Williams and Morris $200 for thirty days.

Wm. Benton and Joseph Wade, two boys, stealing $2 from Mr. Scott; continued until to-morrow.

Frank Nadal, shooting Leslie Strong; sent to the House of Refuge for one year at the request of his father.

Richard Farrell, drunk and disorderly; fined $15 and held in $300 for three months.

James Koss, suspected felon; continued until to-morrow.

Frank Yeast, drunk and ill-treating his wife; fined $7.

George Osborne, drunk, &c.; fined $15.

Margaret Jones, drunk and disorderly; fined $30 and held in $50 for thirty days.

J. W. Bachfest, suspected felon; discharged.

Wm. Canlin and John Miller, drunk, &c., Canlin was fined $10 and Miller $3. Miller was sent to the Cave for thirty days.

Henry Riggs, stealing clothing from Ed. Smith; $500 to answer.

Chas. McSwin, stealing a coat from W. McKinney; $500 to answer.

Mary Jackson, stealing $40 from John Robinson; continued until to-morrow.

The School Board of St. Paul, Minnesota, have voted to exclude negroes from the schools. There is an existing State law, imposing a fine of $50 on trustees and teachers who refuse them admission, and the friends of the colored people are determined to enforce it. The excitement, consequently, runs high.

INQUEST NO. 390—Held August 16th, 1865, at the residence of deceased, on Madison street, between Shelby and Campbell, on the body of Otto Rush, aged 22 years. Verdict, came to his death at the above place at or about 4 o'clock, P. M., August 15, 1865, from a pistol shot wound in the right breast inflicted July 30, 1865, by Chris. Benheiser.

J. C. GILL, C. J. C.

THE EIGHTH WONDER—Of the fashionable world, is SOZODONT. Ladies as they see their unsullied teeth and rosy gums reflected in their toilet mirrors, and gentlemen as their white incisors flash through their dark mustaches, wonder how the benighted folk of twenty years ago got along without the teeth-beautifying, breath-perfuming SOZODONT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ONE COD LIVER OIL OF PERFECT PURITY EXISTS.—It is manufactured by John C. Baker & Co., No. 718 Market street, Philadelphia. For eighteen years it has been considered the finest preparation of its kind in the market. Its guarantees are the written testimonials of the most eminent physicians in America. They are open to the public at the manufactory. Consumptives and all who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, trachitis, scrofula, or liver disase are invited to try the article.
jy27-d&w5m

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young men. Also, new and reliable treatment for the Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
jul11-3m

FOUND.

FOUND—GOLD RING.—ON THE 13TH INSTANT, A plain Gold Ring, with inscription inside, which the owner can have by calling at the U. S. Assessor's Office, 326 Jefferson street, or at the Press office. aug16 3t

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE.
Office U. S. Commissary of Subsistence, Louisville, Ky., August 15, 1865.
Sealed bids, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, THE 22D DAY OF AUGUST, 1865, for
5000 (more or less) gallons of WHISKY, and
5000 (more or less) sugar cured Canvased HAMS.
These stores are sold from no fault but because they are not required by the Subsistence Department.
Parties desiring to buy can see and examine them thoroughly at the Subsistence Storehouse, corner of Second and Washington streets.
Parties can bid for all or part.
Payment MUST BE MADE in U. S. Currency ON DELIVERY, and goods MUST be removed within twenty-four hours after the sale.
The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids which may be deemed too low.
A copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal.
H. C. SYMONDS,
aug15 7t Major and Commissary of Subsistence.

EXHIBITION.

Ninth Street A. M. E. Church,

Sunday and Day School Exhibition.

THE EXHIBITION AND EXAMINATION IN Asbury chapel, Ninth street, will continue to night (Thursday) and to-morrow night (Friday).
Professor Burris, of Philadelphia, will preside at the melodeon.
Friends of the education of the colored people are respectfully invited to attend. aug17-2t*

EDUCATIONAL.

EMINENCE COLLEGE
FOR
Males and Females.

THIS POPULAR AND FLOURISHING INSTITUTION, situated on the Louisville and Frankfort railroad, will open its ninth session on MONDAY, September 4th. It is advantageously located in the country, free from the contaminating influences of town or city life.
The Faculty is able, experienced and well known, being composed of Professors selected from some of the most popular colleges of the West and South. During the past year the buildings have been greatly enlarged, and now one hundred young ladies can be boarded in the family of the President. Young men can obtain good boarding in private families.
Application for places should be made early as heretofore all have been taken by the first or second week of the session.
For catalogues and particulars, address
W. S. GILTNER, President,
aug 17-1m* Eminence, Ky.

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

FOURTH NIGHT OF THE STAR OF THE WEST, MISS KITTY BLANCHARD, who will appear as Zoe. The popular actor, MR. W. M. HOLLAND will appear as Salem Scudder. On Thursday evening, August 17, 1865, will be acted the drama of the OCTOROON; Zoe, Miss Kitty Blanchard; Salem Scudder, Mr. W. M. Holland. No farce will be acted. Friday, benefit of Miss Kitty Blanchard. Grand Matinee Saturday afternoon.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Admission 50 cents; Reserved Seats 75 cents. Doors open at 7¼ o'clock, and performance commences at 8 precisely.

EDUCATIONAL.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, KY., John B. Bowman, A. M., Regent.
I. COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, LITERATURE AND ARTS. FACULTY: Robert Milligan, A. M., President; John Aug. Williams, A. M., Professor of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy; Henry H. White, A. M., Professor of Mathematics; Robert Peter, A. M., M. D., Professor of Chemistry; Lewis L. Pinkerton, A. M., M. D., Professor of English Language and Literature; John H. Neville, A. M., Professor of Greek and German; James K. Patterson, A. M., Professor of Latin, etc.; Alexander Milligan, A. M., Adjunct Professor of Greek and Latin; E. F. Kyrand, Instructor in French, Drawing and Painting; A. D. Fillmore, Instructor in Vocal Music. Session begins first Monday in October. Tuition for College, a year, $15; free to indigent young men. Janitor's fee, $5. Dormitories for 100 students, rent free. Tuition also free to one young man from each Representative District in the State, as provided for in the Agricultural College bill.
II. COLLEGE OF THE BIBLE. FACULTY: Robert Milligan, A. M., President; John W. McGarvey, A. M., Professor; ——, Professor. Tuition free to students for the Christian ministry OF ALL DENOMINATIONS. Room rent free to all. Janitor's fee, $5.
III. COLLEGE OF LAW. FACULTY. Hon. Madison C. Johnson, LL. D., Professor of Evidence, Practice and Pleading; Hon. Wm. C. Goodloe, A. M., Professor of Constitutional and International Law, etc.; Hon. Richard A. Buckner, A. M., Professor of Common and Statute Law. Session begins first Monday in October and ends last week of February. Fees for each Professor, $30. Janitor's fee, $5.
For Catalogues or other information in regard to any of the Colleges, apply to any member of the faculties or to J. B. BOWMAN, Regent.
LEXINGTON, KY., August 10, 1865. aug15-6t*

DIRECTORY.

EDWARDS' NEW DIRECTORY
FOR
Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville for 1865.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY INform his friends and the public that he has commenced his SECOND ANNUAL DIRECTORY of the city of Louisville; and in addition to the vast amount of statistical and commercial information which the work will contain; he has concluded, AT THE REQUEST OF MANY PROMINENT BUSINESS FIRMS of this city, New Albany and Jeffersonville, to combine the three cities in one large, handsome volume. He has a corps of twenty-two first class men, experienced in the business of canvassing, now engaged in collecting names and advertisements for the New directory of Louisville, New Albany, and Jeffersonville, and there will be nothing left undone which many years' experience and a liberal outlay of capital can do to make this book a complete index to the progress and prosperity of the city and such as the people may well be proud of.
Any further information concerning the book will be cheerfully communicated by the canvassers, or may be obtained of Maxwell & Co., Main street, near Fifth.
A word of caution is given to all persons to see that all patronage intended for Edwards' Regular Directory is given to his authorized agents, who are supplied with certificates of authority, and to none others.
RICHARD EDWARDS, Editor and Publisher,
aug15-3t 417 Market street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

CALDWELL INSTITUTE
Danville, Ky.,

AUGUSTINE HART, A. M., Principal.
ALBERT GRAVES, A. M., Associate.

THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR INSTITUTION, for the education of
YOUNG LADIES,
Will enter upon its Eleventh Semi-annual Session,
THURSDAY, SEPT. 7th, 1865.
Under the charge of the above named gentlemen, who were during the past year, associated with the former Principal as very successful teachers. They will be aided in the various departments by their wives, and by an able corps of instructors, most of whom were last year connected with the Institution; and no expense, necessary to sustain the former high reputation of the school, will be spared.
For Circulars containing further information, address the Principal. GEORGE F. LEE,
President Board of Trustees.
ORMOND BEATTY, Sec'y. aug11-d&w1t

HARDWARE.

NEW IRON STORE!

JOHN C. NAUTS.........WM. C. REAMER

NAUTS & REAMER,

NO. 634,

N. S. Main Street, bet. Sixth and Seventh,

Louisville, Ky.,

AGENTS FOR THE

New Albany Rolling Mill

AND DEALERS IN

Iron, Nails, Steels, Spikes, Rivets, Springs, Nuts, Washers, Axles and Bolts,

"Brinly" Plow Plates!

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS!

Best Pittsburg Coal,

(Either barrels, hogsheads, or by the car load.)

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID
FOR
Wrought and Cast Iron Scrap.
aug4-d&wtf

NOTICE.

MUSTERING AND DISBURSING OFFICE, LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 15, 1865.
All just and proper claims for expenses incurred in recruiting volunteers in Kentucky chargeable against the appropriation for collecting, drilling and organizing volunteers must be presented to the undersigned at once for adjustment. CHAS. H. FLETCHER,
Capt. 1st U. S. Inf. and Mustering and Disbursing officer.
aug16-6t

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF ROLLING STOCK, RAILROAD Iron, &c. Military Division of the Tennessee, Chief Quartermaster's Office, U. S. Military Railroads, Nashville, Tennessee, August 10, 1865. Will be sold, at PUBLIC AUCTION, to the highest bidder, the following property, on account of the United States:
On TUESDAY, September 12th at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, 2,980 Bars of new "T" Railroad Iron.
On FRIDAY, September 15th, at J. L. Gill & Son's Car Works, Columbus, Ohio, Twenty-five New Box Freight Cars, five feet guage.
On MONDAY, September 18th, at the Michigan Car Company's Factory, Detroit, Michigan, Fourteen New Box Freight Cars, five feet guage.
Also, on same day, at the Detroit Car Company's Factory, Thirty-eight New Flat Cars, five feet guage.
On WEDNESDAY, September 20th, at Haskell & Baker's Car Works, Michigan City, Indiana, Twenty-five New Box Freight Cars, five feet guage.
Sales to commence at 11 A. M. Terms Cash, in Government funds.
F. J. CRILLY,
au12 till sept19 Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

BY WM. TWEDDLE & CO.,

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SIX PACKAGES SOLDIERS' CLOTHING, GUM AND WOOL BLANKETS, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY, AUG. 15TH, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., AT Auction Rooms, Main street, between First and Second, 156 packages of soldiers' clothing, gum and wool blankets, &c., being the effects of soldiers who deserted, and were killed in battle.
AT 11½ O'CLOCK—4 good stoves, 2 counters, 3 cigar makers' stools, a large plate glass mirror, and several gold and silver watches. Also, a lot of good wine in bottles, and several lots of tobacco.
aug11-dtt WM. TWEDDLE & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF SERVICABLE GOVERNMENT MULES.
I will offer for sale on MONDAY, THE 21ST INST., at the Government Corrals in Nashville, Tennessee, fifteen hundred serviceable Mules. These Mules have been on pasture for sometime; are large sized; in good condition; free from disease; young, and well broken.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and continue daily until the stock is all sold.
By order of Col. A. J. MACKAY, Chief Q. M. Dept. Tenn.
aug9-10t E. B. KIRK, Capt. and A. Q. M.

SUNDRIES.

SUGAR—
20 hhds Porto Rico Sugar;
100 bbls extra C Coffee do;
50 bbls C Sugar;
50 bbls A Coffee do;
50 bbls A Coffee do;
100 bbls Lovering's crushed and powdered do;
200 bbls New York crushed, powdered and granulated Sugars;
In store and for sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
aug11-dtf

COFFEE—
70 bags prime Rio Coffee;
100 bags Rio do;
In store and for sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
aug11-dtf

SYRUPS—
20 bbls Bertrand's Syrup;
75 half bbls do do;
25 bbls New York Bee Hive do;
50 bbls Plantation Molasses;
In store and for sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
aug11-dtf

HAVANA SUGAR—
50 bxs Havana Sugar—prime article;
Expected to arrive and for sale by
aug11-dtf D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

BALE ROPE—
500 coils Bale Rope—No. 1 article, Todd Mills.
For sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
aug11-dtf

OAKUM—100 bales Oakum.
In store and for sale by
aug11-tf D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

MANILA ROPE—Assorted sizes
For sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.
aug11-tf

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.

NOTICE.

KEY HOLDERS OF THE FIRE ALARM BOXES are earnestly requested not to give alarms for fires at a distance, unless there is no other box nearer the fire, and NEVER when the fire is out of the city limits.
aug11-1w A. Y. JOHNSON, Supt. F. A. T.

PROFESSIONAL.

Law Notice.

SAMUEL B. SMITH. GEORGE WM. CARUTH.

SMITH & CARUTH.

(SUCCESSORS TO)

SPEED & SMITH.

SAMUEL B. SMITH AND GEO. W. CARUTH HAVE this day formed a partnership, and will practice in all the courts sitting in Louisville, and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. aug14 dlm

MILITARY.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND, Office Provost Marshal General, Nashville, Tenn., June 20th 1865.
Active hostilities having ceased, and there being no organized enemy in the country, it is ordered:
I. That all citizens of the States of Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky, who have been sent north of the Ohio river to remain during the war be, and they are hereby, permitted to return to their respective homes.
II. That all deserters from the late rebel army, who were sent north of the Ohio river to remain during the war be, and they are hereby permitted to return to their homes.
III. That all deserters from the late rebel army, who were allowed to go their homes, but were required to report once a month to the provost marshal nearest their homes, are hereby relieved from their obligations to report.
IV. That no military passes shall hereafter be required from citizens traveling on the railroads and rivers in this Department.
V. Military conductors will be continued on all the railroads in the Department, and will receive instructions as to their duties from this office.
By command of Maj. Gen. G. H. THOMAS.
J. G. PARKHURST,
jn23-tf Brev. Brig. Gen. and P. M. G. D. C.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—CHATTANOOGA ROLLING MILL.—War Department, Office of Director and General Manager of Military Railroads, U. S., Washington, D. C., July 31, 1865. Proposals will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, September 13, 1865, to purchase the U. S. Military Railroad Rolling Mill, at Chattanooga, Tenn., with the machinery, tools, buildings, fixtures, and track connecting the Rolling Mill with the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.
The mill and machinery constructed to re-roll Railroad iron are entirely new, and of the most improved character.
For full description and details of operation, capacity, &c., apply in person or by letter, to T. W. YARDLEY, Superintendent, Chattanooga, Tenn.
All bids should be endorsed "Proposal to purchase Chattanooga Rolling Mill."
D. C. McCALLUM, Brevet Brig. Gen.,
Director and General Manager Military Railroads U. S.
au12-td sept10

PROPOSALS.

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF COAL.
1,000,000 BUSHELS.
Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, D. C., August 5, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places and until the dates hereafter named, for the purchase of all the surplus coal at those places, belonging to the Government:
AT LOUISVILLE, KY., until 12 o'clock M., of Wednesday, August 30, for Coal lying at Louisville, Ky., and Nashville, Tenn.
AT ST. LOUIS, MO., until 12 M., of Tuesday, September 5, for Coal lying at Cairo, Ill., Memphis, Tenn., Helena, Ark., and Mouth of White River.
AT VICKSBURG, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of Friday, September 8, for Coal lying at Vicksburg, Miss.
AT NATCHEZ, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, September 15, for Coal lying at Natchez, Miss.
Separate proposals will also be received at the same time for the Barges or Boats containing the Coal.
Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name or number of the Barge containing it endorsed thereon, and addressed to "Brigadier General Lewis B. Parsons, Chief Rail and River Transportation," in care of the Quartermaster in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening the bids.
Payment to be made in United States currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.
The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the Coal, and the Barges containing it, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.
By order of the Quartermaster General
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier General and Chief Rail and River Transportation. aug11-dtan30.

BILLIARD SALOON.

"THE DELMONICO."

Fifth St., bet. Market and Jefferson.

THIS NEW AND ELEGANT BILLIARD ROOM AND RESTAURANT is now open for the reception of guests.
Our Billiard room is furnished, with eight of Brunswick's superior tables.
Our BAR is constantly supplied with the very choicest wines and liquors, and our restaurant with every delicacy than can be procured.

"Drop in and See Us."

SKEEKAMP & THOMAS,
aug-2m PROPRIETORS.

FUEL.

FULTS, JAMES & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

In the best quality of

PITTSBURG COAL.

OFFICE ON MARKET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND Seventh, at Bower & Fults' old stand. Scales on the river, near First street. Orders by railroad and country wagons solicited. jy31-tf

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE!

If you want anything,
If you have anything to sell,
If you want Boarders,
If you have Lost anything,
If you have Found anything,

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by

Advertising in the Daily Press.

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS—500 EXPERIENCED AGENTS in Kentucky and Indiana, to canvass for the best illustrated, most reliable, and most saleable History of the War and its Causes—"The American Conflict," by Horace Greeley. Address, naming first, second, and third choice of counties, JOSEPH L. TOPHAM & CO., P. O. Drawer 781, Cincinnati, O.
N. B.—English and German Editions. jy29-1m

WANTED—AGENTS—1,000 "WIDE-AWAKE," "live" men and women, in Kentucky and Southern Indiana, for "Four Years in Secessia," by Junius Henri Browne, of Cincinnati, special war correspondent of the New York Tribune and Indianapolis Journal. A larger per centage is given than for any similar work 4,000 copies sold in eight weeks. We have agents clearing $300 per month. Inclose $1 for complete outfit, and name first, second, or third choice as to territory. The book is ready for delivery. Clergymen, teachers, discharged soldiers and intelligent young ladies will find this profitable and pleasant employment. Address Joseph L. TOPHAM & Co., southeast corner of Fourth and Vine sts., Cincinnati, O. jy29-1m

WANTED—DINING ROOM SERVANT.—A NEGRO man, who bring good recommendations as to character and experience as a Dining Room Servant, can obtain a good home and good wages. Apply to
BENJ. D. KENNEDY,
ju8-tf No. 413 Main street, just below Fourth.

WANTED—SITUATION AS EDITOR OR CORRESPONDENT—Newspaper establishments desirous of obtaining the services of an experienced Editor or Correspondent can hear of one by addressing ADELOS, Louisville Ky. au9 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A NO. 1 BOARDING HOUSE, DOING a good business. WHALEY & POPE, Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers, 311 Third street. au12 3t

FOR SALE—OIL LANDS—THE ONE-SIXTEENTH (1-16) interest of the "Big Paint Creek Oil Company." The lands are located on Big Sandy River, in Johnson county. The Company is now boring, and have already gone a considerable depth, with every indication of success. Also other valuable interests for sale. For terms, &c., apply to
W. A. KLEISSENDORFF,
No. 7 Hamilton's Building, cor. Sixth and Main sts.
aug10 6t

AUCTION.
Will be sold at public auction on the 15th instant, at the Ordnance Depot, corner of Fourteenth and Rowan streets, a lot of ordnance property consisting of saddles, bridles, halters, collars, harness, blankets, horse brushes, stirrups, scrap leather, new and old rock drills and crow bars, one line of 2½ shafting and several forges complete, several temporary wooden buildings and one office building, at Jeffersonville, will be sold at the same time. Terms cash. All the property, except the buildings, to be removed within two days after the sale.
L. S. BABBITT,
aug9 6t Lieut. of Ordnance, Com. Depot.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARM—FOR CITY property, containing 281 acres, 160 in cultivation; house, with four rooms, attic and porch, barn, stable, a crib, smoke house, milk house and hen house, good apple orchard, 25 acres in corn, 16 in oats, 60 in timothy, red top and clover, two acres in tobacco, two in potatoes, cabbage, onions, etc., 30 acres rye run. It is situated eighteen miles from New Albany and five miles from Providence Depot. Price, with standing crop, $3,800. Apply to J. H. WHITMAN, Real Estate Agent, No. 411 Main street. ju21 tf

FOR SALE—TWO BRICK HOUSES—TWO STORIES each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, between Second and Third streets. Apply to FRANK CARTER, or D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. fe16-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ABNER COOPER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
Butter, Cheese and Western Produce,
No. 314, Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

CASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng and Beeswax.
Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.

J. M. DAVIS. S. P. CARY
J. M. DAVIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants
And Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,
627 Main St., between Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
oc27 6tf

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.
GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 422 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
AGENTS for different brands of Fine Tobacco, Fine Saw and Bourbon Whiskey, and for Champagne and Fine Sherry Wines. ap18 6tf

J. C. RODGERS & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS
BEANS, DRIED FRUITS,
Salt and Coal.
No. 220 Main Street, bet. Second and Third,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Refer by Permission to
R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier First National Bank.
J. H. SMITH, Vice President Board of Trade.
Dr. D. J. GRIFFITHS, Examining Surgeon U. S. Army. ja2 tf

GEO. W. WICKS,
(Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.)
TOBACCO AGENT
AND
General Commission Merchant.
No. 315 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Agent for the sale of Maysville, Ky., COTTON YARNS, TWINE, &c. jy29 dtf

HARDWARE.

G. BAURMANN
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
CUTLERY AND GERMAN GOODS,
ALSO
GUNS AND PISTOLS.
No. 632 Main Street between Sixth and Seventh
1tf LOUISVILLE, KY

COLLEGE.

ANTIOCH COLLEGE
OF
Yellow Springs, Green County, Ohio.

THIS COLLEGE WILL BE REOPENED ON TUESday, the 12th of September, with a full faculty of instruction. It is proposed to give a course of education of the highest character to young men and women.
The following gentlemen have already been invited to unite in the Faculty of the College:
Rev. Austin Craig, D. D., Blooming Grove, N. Y., late president of the College.
Rev. N. Sheldon, D. D., late president of Waterville University, Maine.
Rev. John B. Weston, A. M., of Yellow Springs.
Prof. E. L. Youmans, of New York city.
Prof. Frederick Shutz, of New York city.
Prof. Edward Orton, late of New York State Normal School, will have the charge of the Preparatory Department.
The name of the President will be announced as soon as possible. Other professors will be added as may be necessary.
A permanent endowment fund of $100,000 has been presented to the College and will be devoted solely to the maintenance of these professorships.
The College buildings are convenient, the library is well selected, and the situation healthy, agreeable and all that can be desired.
No sectarian restriction of any kind will be exercised on the religious convictions of the students.
The charges for tuition in the Preparatory Department are $6 and $8 per term. The charge in the College Department is $10 per term. Rents of rooms from $2 to $5 per term.
The College year consists of three terms.
Several students will be received without charge if they have served honorably in the army as part of the quota of Ohio, or if they shall be nominated by early donors to Antioch College.
Students will be received into either of the usual College classes, and any students who can pass the requisite examination will receive the degree of A. B. at the commencement of 1866.
Applications for further information may be addressed to William C. Russel, Yellow Springs, or to Rev. Henry W. Bellows, New York; Rev. E. E. Hale, Boston, or E. W. Clark, Esq., Philadelphia. aug3 eodt20 ep
(Louisville Journal copy.)

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—THE CO-partnership existing between Jno. H. Griffith and Ben S. Board, under the style of Griffith & Board, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Jno. H. Griffith will continue business at the old stand, and is charged with the settlement of the old business.
JNO. H. GRIFFITH,
BEN S. BOARD.
May 1st, 1865. ma2-1f

RICE—
250 bags Choice Rangoon Rice.
For sale by JAMES A. FRAZER,
jy26-1w 66 and 68 Walnut st., Cincinnati, O.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

The Great Gold Forgeries in New York.

The Extent of the Losses not yet Known.

Several Banks hold Worthless Checks for Large Amounts.

Panic Among Business Men at the Watering Places.

Explosion of a Powder Magazine.

The Mississippi State Convention.

National Teachers' Convention.

Meeting of Stockholders of Chattanooga R. R.

Resolutions Adopted Commending President Johnson's Administration.

Gold Closed in New York at 142 1-2

Mississippi Convention--Cotton.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 16.—The Convention met and opened with prayer. Seven new members arrived and presented their credentials, were duly qualified and took their seats. Eighty-eight members are now present and ablest talent in the State represented.

Mr. Yerger, of Hinds county, offered the following resolutions:

1st. Resolved, That the president appoint a committee of fifteen to inquire into and report to this Convention such alterations and amendments to the Constitution of the State as may be proper and expedient to restore the State to its constitutional relations to the Federal Government and to entitle its citizens to the protection of the United States against invasion and domestic violence.

2d. That a committee be appointed by the President, to inquire into and report to this body such action as proper to be taken relative to the act of secession, adopted and approved January 9, 1861, by a convention of delegates from this State. Also that action should be taken for the purpose of ratifying such legislative, executive and judicial acts not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, as were passed and adopted by authorities acting in this State, in legislative, executive or judicial capacity, on the 9th of January, 1861. Carried.

Ballot for Printer to the Convention was ordered, and decided in favor of the Jackson News.

The Convention then adjourned till nine to-morrow.

New Orleans cotton active, with sales of 3,740 bales. Two bales of new crop sold at 50c. Sugar and molasses dull. Freights unchanged. Checks on New York ¼@⅜c discount.

The report of Col. Dizamos' death is premature. It was another person resembling him.

The City is unusually brisk, and never before so prosperous in summer, and indicating both an immense and successful fall and winter business season.

Gold--The Ketchum Forgeries and the Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Gold rather strong this morning, with but little speculative movements, but the demands for customs are large, and prices tend upwards. Gold checks of Ketchum, Son & Co., have been sold, but with no appreciable effect on the market. Quotations opened at 142, fell to 141⅞, rose to 142.

The Commercial says the market is calmer to-day than expected. Till it is known what amount of certificates is out there will doubtless be great caution in lending to all but firms in the best standing. If it were known the issue reached the largest possible figure, 2¼ millions, there would be some contraction, for it would then be clear there must be heavy losses and failures somewhere. The probable extent of issue will not be known till it is ascertained if anything can be obtained from Ketchum & Co., in compensation.

It is understood that Morris Ketchum has said he would be able to pay fifty cents on the dollar of his liabilities. We are not aware whether that is supposed to include the liabilities of the account of Edward Ketchum, the forger. We hear of some cases of selling of ——

It is rumored that a firm in the stock and gold business has failed, but it requires confirmation.

The Post says the losses of Ketchum & Son by the abstraction of bonds and other securities is two or three millions. The name of the firm was only used once by young Ketchum and that was on the day of his flight, when he obtained on a check three hundred thousand dollars. The losses of Mr. Graham will foot up over a million dollars. Brokers and other persons share in the losses in sums from four to five thousand dollars.

Appointments and Promotions.

WASHINGTON, August 16.—The President made the following appointments: Newton Edwards to be Governor and ex-officio Superintendent of Indian Affairs of Dacotah Territory, and Edward B. Taylor Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Northern Superintendency.

Major General Carter, Brigadier Generals H. Sibley and Read, and Orlan Greer, have been appointed Commissioners to negotiate, under instructions of the Secretary of the Interior, a treaty or treaties with the several tribes of Sioux and Cheyenne Indians.

The President has also appointed Phineas J. Harmitz, M. D., Chief of Medicine and Surgery of the U. S. Navy, to be master of the Government Hospital for the Insane; Hon. Van Alkenburg, of N. Y., to be Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs during the absence of Judge Cowley with the Indian Commissioner; Sam'l A. Panticost has been appointed Tax Commissioner for the District of Georgia.

Ex-Senator Benj Fitzpatrick, formerly of Alabama, has, among others, just been pardoned by President Johnson.

From Savannah--Freedmen Affairs in Georgia--Order of Gen. Steedman.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The steamer Nevada brings Savannah dates to the 12th. Gen. Steedman has issued an order providing, in the absence of civil courts in localities where no agent of freedmen is established, for all questions of wages and debt between freedmen and whites to be decided by Provost Marshals. Contracts between such parties will be adhered to unless procured by fraud. Provision is also made for compensation to freedmen driven away by former officers after an engagement has been made. Also when a freedman has been maltreated and leaves his employment. Vagrants and deserters are to be arrested and put to hard labor. Provost Marshals shall collect money due to freedmen and pay it to them.

Garrett Davis' Mission to Washington.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Post's special says: Garrett Davis is in Washington endeavoring to see the President, for the purpose of making a representation about military interference in the Kentucky election.

Robbery in Portland.

PORTLAND, ME, August 16.—The safe of Stephen Patton, of this city, was blown open by burglars last night, and robbed of about $25,000, in money and bonds, including $10,000 in 5-20s.

Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chattanooga Railroad--Resolution of Thanks to President Johnson and Commending His Administration, Adopted.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 16.—To-morrow's Gazette will contain the following:

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad a series of resolutions were passed thanking President Johnson for turning over the road on terms so liberal and satisfactory to the stockholders, and for the kindly interest manifested in the success of one of the great material interests of Tennessee; thanking him for his magnanimous, liberal and statesmanlike policy towards Tennessee and the Southern States generally; that both gratitude and true policy required that Tennessee give him and his Administration a firm, cordial and hearty support.

The meeting was large; 4,187 votes being cast for directors. Edwin H. Wing, formerly one of the most prominent and influential politicians in this State, and always a bitter opponent of President Johnson, submitted the resolutions, and said: "Some of us may have been rebels, some Union men, Whigs and Democrats; we should now all be practical men. Our duties, our obligations, our situation all require that we should earnestly support the Government of the United States."

President Johnson will see that every Tennesseean, every Southern man, will have his true rights. He will not have a Northern and Southern policy, but a general policy, embracing the whole country. We must be patient. His policy must be worked out slowly. I hope and believe it will be worked out surely, and to the satisfaction of all moderate and reasonable men.

J. Edgar Thompson, of Philadelphia, was elected a Director; Michael Burns, of Nashville, was re-elected President; and Col. Wm. P. Innes, formerly of the Michigan Engineers, Superintendent.

Payment of Troops.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—All the soldiers now in the field, with the single exception of those in the military division under Gen. Sheridan, have within a few days been paid up to including the 30th of June last; and for Sheridan's department over ten millions of dollars were sent two weeks ago to the Paymaster, with which to settle all demands against the Government, so too in the West and far West, including California, have the requisite funds been forwarded to pay the dues of the soldiers.

On the 1st day of May last, there were more than one million of soldiers, actually in the service of United States, since then at least 500,000 have been mustered out and paid off, while about 200,000 more are either en route or waiting muster at various State rendezvous.

Only two regiments of the enormous army have failed to receive their pay with reasonable promptness. One is a New York regiment, but the only reason of the failure to receive their pay was in the neglect of their officers to properly complete the pay roll.

Late Rebels in the Mexican Service--Gen. Sheridan at Brownsville.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Tribune's Matamoras correspondent says the late rebel Gen. Shelby has organized a corps of 4,000 mounted men for Mexican service, and is in command of it. The corps is for special border service, and is formed entirely of men in the late rebel army. The men are to receive $50 per month, out of which they are to subsist themselves.

The Louisiana Commerce says 10,000 men are to be sent into the country North of Matamoras, under command of General Dana.

Many of the ex-rebel officers who went to Mexico are now glad to get back under the old flag.

The Tribune's Brownsville correspondent says Gen. Sheridan arrived there on the 24th to remain a day or two, inspecting the Quartermaster's Department and Sanitary arrangements.

The Failure of Ketchum & Co.--Panic Among Business Men.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The failure of Ketchum & Co. has caused a perfect rush of stock speculators from the watering places to the city. Many of them find themselves heavy losers. An immense delegation of bankers were here from New England, and that section will suffer severely as Ketchum & Co. held a large amount of Eastern funds.

An examination of the transactions of young Ketchum is being conducted at the board of brokers.

Morgan & Co. hold $100,000 of the forged certificates.

A detective was sent to Boston yesterday to search the steamer Asia for young Ketchum, and will probably proceed to Halifax to catch him in case he went overland. Some people, however, think he is concealed in this city.

Homes for Freedmen in Rhode Island--Naval Officer at Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, August 16.—A party of thirty negroes from the South passed through this city, en route for Rhode Island, where homes have been provided for them by the Freedmen's Bureau.

The Express says this is the second party of negroes thus sent to Rhode Island at Government expense.

It is stated in Brooklyn that Hon. Moses T. Odell has been appointed naval officer at New York.

Later information states that there is no ground for the report of another failure this afternoon.

Another Gold Check Fraud--The Party Arrested and placed in the Tombs.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Peter R. Mumford, who was reported to have failed on Monday, was arrested to-day, charged with having defrauded Greenleaf, Morris & Co., by means of worthless checks, for $28,000 on Merchants' Bank, given in payment on Saturday, for $20,000 in gold.

On presentation of the certificate, it was found there were no funds in the bank.

He was committed to the Tombs in default of $40,000 bail, to await an examination to-morrow.

Secretary Seward--The Trial of Wertz Postponed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Secretary Seward has again left the city for Cape May by steamer, his physician advising him that a sea voyage would be beneficial.

The trial of Capt. Wertz has again been postponed. There are several sets of charges and specifications upon him on which the prosecution will decide at the proper time as the one upon which it will base the trial.

Damage by Flood.

NEW YORK, August 16.—A special to the Commercial from Leavenworth, Kansas, says: The Pacific Railroad bridge over the mouth of the Kansas river, together with the bridge over Stranger river, have been carried away by a rise in those streams. The road was recently examined by commissioners, and accepted as a first class road, and U. S. bonds are demanded for its construction.

Forged Checks Held by Fourth National Bank of New York.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The President of the Fourth National Bank says that that institution holds as collateral securities on loans $255,000 on gold certificates, which are supposed to be forged, but the earnings of the bank for the last six months exceed this amount.

Tide of Emigration to North Carolina.

NEWBERN, N. C., Aug. 12.—The Northern emigration has already set in. People are arriving by the thousand from all quarters. The health of Newbern and the rest of the State was never better. In point of health North Carolina has been the second State in the Union, which it is destined to keep.

The Forged Gold Checks.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The President of the Traders' and Importers' National Bank states that the bank holds $335,000 of the alleged forged checks as collateral security for loans, which amount, he says, should it prove an entire loss, is nearly covered by the present surplus earnings.

Clerks Dismissed.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Times special says: Owing to the decrease of business in the military division the post office has ceased to exist and thirty-nine clerks dismissed.

National Teachers' Convention.

HARRISBURG, PA., August 16.—The National Teachers' Convention reassembled this morning, and five hundred delegates present.

Governors Curtin and Bradford of Maryland, and Gen. Geary were invited to seats in the convention; they made appropriate speeches.

The business this afternoon was devoted to the reading of essays on educational subjects.

The following papers were read before the Teachers' Association to-day: Mechanism of School Teaching, by W. N. Barringer, of Troy, New York; Normal Schools should be established and maintained in each State at public expense, by Professor Ward, President of the Normal University of Illinois.

The papers elicited general approval.

Gold.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Gold quoted at 141⅝. No sales.

SPECIAL TO WEST'RN PRESS

August 17—3 A. M.

Commercial Matters in New York.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The stock market is calmer after yesterday's excitement than might be expected. There is, however, an underfeeling of caution, which betokens fear that the storm may not yet be passed. The chief questions of interest are as to the amount of forged gold certificates actually afloat, and the kind of settlement likely to be made by Ketchum, Son & Co.

The stock market was excited, and sales were very heavy throughout the list, principally regular. A strong effort was made to support the prices of some of the stocks by the Bull cliques interested in the matter.

After the last Board there was a decline on the street, but the market afterwards improved again.

The bears have been covering their contracts to a considerable extent and other parties have purchased for quick turn. The market lacks any organized combination to sustain prices permanently and confidence is not yet entirely restored.

Governments are without material change and the National Banks are paying seven-thirty coupons. Bank and private lenders show great caution in lending, and at the same time appear generally to appreciate the importance of caution in calling in their loans, lest they should produce unnecessary panic.

Petroleum stocks are quiet with small sales at the following rates: Buchanan farm 53; Excelsior 149; Tack 40; Webster 200; Pithole creek 680; Oceanica 139; Oil creek 350; United States 2,400.

The petroleum market is only moderately active, but prices are without any change. Crude 31½@33c, refined in bond 52½@53c, and refined free 72@73c.

At Gallagher's Exchange, N. Y. Central 90⅝; Erie 80¼; Hudson 106¼; Reading 102; Michigan Central 105; Michigan Southern 61¾; Rock Island 104⅛; Pittsburg 66¼; Northwestern preferred, seller 30 days, 60; Fort Wayne 94¼; Ohio certificates 24; Quicksilver 53¼. Market steady.

More About the Forgery--Extent of Loss Not Known--Efforts to Capture Young Ketchum.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The excitement concerning the forgery by young Ketchum has somewhat subsided. The extent of the loss is not yet known, but will probably reach two and a half million dollars. Owing to the extensive forgeries of Ketchum there is a general reform now being inaugurated in some of the city banks. On Wall street to-day checks were paid without being properly certified. In one instance a broker who applied for $5,000 was refused till the books were examined to ascertain if his accounts justified the loan. It was found he had overdrawn money to the amount of $23,000.

The last check presented by Ketchum on Monday was drawn in the firm name and on the City Bank for $60,000. The check was presented in person by Ketchum, who requested that the money be given him in large bills. There being but a small amount of those on hand he was paid mostly in small bills. This is believed to be all the money he carried away with him. Some of the envelopes, in which bonds were kept, are found neatly folded, entered and laid away, as though complete, though their contents are no longer to be found and there is no evidence of their existence. Young Ketchum's stock and gold speculations are the sole cause of his ruin. Once or twice the father positively assured that firm, though not engaged in such operations, that his son certainly was, and on speaking of these facts they were denied by Edward. In a letter which Edward wrote before his flight he gave an account of his operations as partner in the banking house. The names of persons or institutions with whom he had hypothecated the missing securities were stated, and Edward's directions in regard to the disposition of the papers, &c. were to be pursued by the firm. The abstracts and securities were not entirely the property of the dealers with the banking house, but belonged in part to the house. The account is not complete and can't be within a day or two as already reported. Ketchum & Co. are plying in the bank to the credit of Snider all funds sent to the firm. A vigorous search is being made for Ketchum. It is thought he has gone to Halifax to take a steamer for Europe.

The Commercial Advertiser says, in case of capture he will not be punished, his father will not prosecute him, and in case the sums drawn on the forged checks are paid up, the other parties will take no action.

The Times says, the business proper of Ketchum & Son was that of brokers and bankers. Three or four months ago they were great bears in railway stocks. Of late they have been great bulls in the gold market. They suddenly reversed their position for railways, first covering their previous short contracts at a very heavy loss, it was said at the time from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000. The recent upward gold movement was of their engineering, it was made to weigh heavy on the market, because there was no export demand for gold.

The Custom House demand went only partially ahead of July interest on the public debt, and about the middle of that month the Custom House demand promised to accumulate gold rapidly in the Treasury—already holding about $35,000,000, and it was believed this demand would so continue through the month of August as to advance the price of gold in the market, from a comparative scarcity of supply outside. A large sum is already monopolized by this speculation. It was then that the Secretary of the Treasury determined to convert a portion of his surplus into currency at the market rates, and it was then also that speculators are supposed to have resolved to sell at an advanced price afterwards.

These facts have seemed to render the house unpopular among the supporters of the Government, and have done much toward modifying the sympathy felt for them on the street.

The gold checks are in all essentials like any other, only that they are numbered and recorded before they are good for payment. 1st. Signature of the drawer. 2d. Signature of the registerer. 3d. Signature of the teller. 4th. Signature of the payer. The signatures were very bunglingly forged. The names were not spelled correctly, nor was there the least attempt to counterfeit the handwriting of the parties on whom the fraud was committed. It is difficult to understand how careful business men could permit millions of dollars to pass in and out of their hands on pieces of papers which were not only not genuine, or even looked like genuine checks.

Pardons.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Times' Washington special says two or three pardons were granted by the President to-day. Among them was Benj. F. Fitzpatrick, formerly United States senator for Alabama, who resigned his seat on the secession of that State and went home, but never took any active part in the rebellion. The cases of one hundred Virginians and two hundred and fifty North Carolinians, nearly all of the $20,000 class, were recommended by the Attorney General to-day. Applicants will save themselves much trouble if they will recollect their applications must be indorsed by their Provisional Governor before they can be considered here.

Canadian Parliament--The Annexation Question.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Herald has the following from Quebec to-day: The government removes to Ottowa next month when Parliament closes. The buildings are now being furnished and will be ready for occupation in a month.

Several members to-day asked the Minister his intention as to the Potter-Wood annexation letter and speech. Mr. Carter replied, that the matter was under Government consideration. Hon. Geo. Brown and other ministers assailed Wood and Potter with gross language. The ground taken by the opposition was that the speech of Mr. Potter was laid at private causes in the United States, and therefore the Canadian Government had no right to interfere.

The Ministry agreed to adjourn until Tuesday.

The motion to enable members to take a trip to Sagunaw at Government expense, was defeated on division.

Attorney General Cortier, for Government, to-day stated the policy of the ministry was to defer consideration on Colonial, railway and defense questions until 1866. It will legislate upon the purchase of the Hudson Bay territories and endeavor to obtain a renewal of the reciprocity treaty.

A commission, composed of delegates from each province, is to meet at Quebec next month to arrange preliminaries, and they will also make changes in the custom tariff.

Steamer Damaged--Explosion of a Magazine.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 15.—The steamer Thomas Collier ran into an old wreck in James river, near Richmond, yesterday, doing some damage. She left for Baltimore last afternoon for repairs. Her pumps were insufficient to keep her clear of water.

The sales of Government horses and mules at Camp Hamilton came off yesterday.

The most intense excitement was caused in this city yesterday afternoon by the explosion of a magazine, containing a large quantity of powder, situated on a lot lying between the river and canal, about two hundred yards below the Pump House. The first report was at 4 o'clock and was quickly followed by the rapid explosion of shells and ammunition.

It was the property of the late rebel government, stored in a small wooden house known as the Tredgar Arsenal. It is supposed they contained 2,000 rounds of shells, shot and rifle cartridges, and a large quantity of percussion caps were also stored in one of the houses. Fragments of shells were thrown for miles around. Persons living near Oregon Hill had to flee for their lives. Several houses were struck, but the inmates escaped. Many narrow escapes are reported.

There are various reports and theories as to the origin of the explosion. It is believed to have been accidental. It is reported that a member of the 11th United States infantry, named Hully, and a negro were killed by the explosion.

The Trial of Wirtz--Interest Felt in it in the South.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Tribune's Richmond correspondent says the interest already manifested in arranging for the trial of Wirtz bid fair to outstrip that occasioned by the convictions of the assassins. In merit or demerit of this trial the whole Southern people, as a body, are interested in whatever facts shall be passed, and what judgments shall be passed. Their popular sentiment toward Union prisoners will be adjudged. The fact that our men were starved, frozen and indecently buried is not believed, but mitigating circumstances are offered that their own troops were no better provided for.

Personal violence of inhuman guards or want and confinement are denied. They insist that better treatment was shown toward their prisoners than was manifested by the Yankees for captured rebels. Upon the head of the Secretary of War is poured the violence of wrath for his refusal to order an exchange. Whatever sorrows or trials were placed upon Union prisoners were in consequence of similar cases at the North.

Correspondent Sent to Fort Lafayette.

NEW YORK, August 16.—R. L. Sheely, correspondent of the Tribune, who was arrested and sent here from New Orleans by Gen. Canby, was taken to Fort Lafayette to-day. The arrest is made on account of Mr. Sheely's criticism of Gen. Canby's administration of affairs in the Department of the Gulf.

The Herald's Washington special says the President is reported to have said that if Gen. Canby did not behave better he would be ordered to report to Washington in person for investigation into his conduct concerning this affair, and some matters relating to the Freedmen's Bureau.

From Matamoras.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Tribune's Matamoras correspondent, of the 20th, mentions the report of a battle between Imperial troops and the forces under Cortinas, on the road to Monterey, in which the latter was defeated.

It is rumored that several negroes serving with Cortinas were captured and shot, with their white officers.

Receipts from Internal Revenue.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The receipts at the Internal Revenue Bureau to-day was $14,000,000.

Horatio Conger, Commissioner of Emigration, has been appointed acting assistant Secretary during the illness of Fred. Seward.

An unusual large number of visitors were at the Executive Mansion to-day.

From Ashby Bay.

ASHBY BAY, Aug. 16.—No signs of anything from the Great Eastern.

The Markets.

New York Grain and Produce Market.

NEW YORK, August 16.—COTTON—Heavy and declining; 42½@43c for middling.

FLOUR—Opened at 5c better, closing lower and rather quiet; $6 65@6 75 for extra state, $6@6 31 for superfine western, $6 75@7 15 for common to medium extra Western, $8 20@8 40 for common to good shipping brands and extra round hoop Ohio, and $8 50@10 for trade brands. Rye flour dull.

WHISKY—Western $2 19.

GRAIN—Wheat—Only a very moderate business doing; $1 31@1 45 for Chicago spring, $1 45 for No 1 do Amber Milwaukee, the latter an extreme; $2 07 for choice amber Kentucky, and $2 15 for white Western. Rye quiet. Barley and malt quiet and nominal. Corn opened heavy and closed rather more steady; 85@86c for unsound, 87@88c for sound mixed Western, 88½@89 for mixed yellow, and 89½@90 for Western.

GROCERIES—Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar quiet; Cuba musc vado 12@13c. Molasses dull.

PETROLEUM—Steady at about previous prices.

WOOL—Dull.

PROVISIONS—Pork opened firm and closed dull and declining; $32@32 50 for new mess, closing at $33 for cash, $30@30 50 for '63-4 do; $24 for prime, and $27 for prime mess; also 2550 bbls new mess, sellers' and buyers' option, at $31 50@32. Beef quiet; $5 75@12 50 for plain mess and $10@14 50 for extra mess. Beef hams quiet. Cut meats declining. Bacon dull.

LARD—Steady at 7¼@24¾c.

BUTTER—In moderate request at 22@ 8c for Ohio.

CHEESE—Steady at 9½@16c for common to prime.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, August 16.—MONEY—Active and firm at 7 per cent on call loans.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Firm at 109@109½ in gold for first class American bills.

GOLD—Firm, opening at 142, declining to 141⅝ and closing at 142⅛.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—Lower.

STOCKS—Steady; Rock Island 104; Ft. Wayne 94; Chicago and Alton 99; do preferred 99½; Illinois Central 119½; Cleveland and Pittsburg 60¾; Northwestern 26¾; Toledo 15; New York Central 90½; Erie 80¼; Michigan Central 100; Michigan Southern 62. Northwestern preferred 60¼; Hudson 107; Quicksilver 53; Cumberland 39¾; 7-30's 9¾; 1 year certificates 97¼; Ohio and Mississippi certificates 24¾; Canton 37⅓.

Cincinnati Grain and Produce Market.

CINCINNATI, August 16, P. M.—FLOUR—Unchanged; not much done; extra $8 25@8 60, trade brands $8 75@9, and family and fancy $9 25@10; superfine $8 and dull.

GRAIN—Wheat firm for prime old, but new dull and hard to sell owing to the inferior quality. Corn scarce and wanted at 70c. Oats very dull at 38@40c; the receipts exceed the demand. Rye 90c.

WHISKY—Western in better demand in the afternoon; 350 bbls sold at $2 19.

PROVISIONS—Dull. 200 bbls country mess pork sold at $39, and 30 tierces lard at 23c; no sales of bacon and bulk meats, and prices were nominal.

Gold 140½@141.

St. Louis Market.

ST LOUIS, August 16.—COTTON.—Dull at 38c for middling.

FLOUR—In demand at $3 75@10 50 for double extra.

GRAIN.—Wheat and corn unchanged. Oats 25@49c for mixed, and 50 to 69 for old. Rye declined 3@4c; 77½@80 for good.

TOBACCO—Firmer, at $7@8 25 for shipping leaf, and $18 @65 50 for fancy leaf.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16.—PETROLEUM—Firm; 30a30½ for crude, 57½a52 for refined in bond, and 60½a70 for do free.

FLOUR—Dull; $6 75a7 25 for superfine.

GRAIN—Wheat—Dull; declined to 30a40c; Western $2 10 a2 12. Corn dull.

WHISKY—Steady at $2 20a2 25.

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ORDER YOUR HATS
At GREEN & GREEN'S.
ORDER YOUR SHIRTS
At GREEN & GREEN'S.
ORDER YOUR CAPS
At GREEN & GREEN'S.
ORDES YOUR UNDERWEAR
At GREEN & GREEN'S.
BUY YOUR GLOVES
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BUY YOUR HATS
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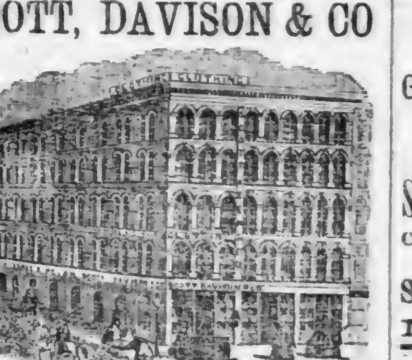
IF YOU WISH HONEST GOODS
AT
FAIR PRICES
GO TO
GREEN & GREEN'S,
MAIN AND FOURTH.
jy8-tf

SCOTT, DAVISON & CO



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MEN & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS,
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FOR SALE.

To Stone Cutters and Quarrymen.
FOR SALE CHEAP.

I OFFER FOR SALE, TO CLOSE UP MY OLD BUSIness, the following articles: 1 Derrick, 35 feet high, with complete machinery; 1 derrick, 18 feet high, for light work; a lot of quarrying tools, and tools for stone cutters. Also, American and Italian marble cuttings, at $2 and $2 50 per cubic foot, and cuttings of good size inch marble at 40 cents per foot. I also offer a variety of other articles, which will be sold at very low prices to close out.
aug14 tf EDGAR NEEDHAM,
326 Jefferson street.

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OIL WELL
MACHINERY.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.,
Louisville Foundery and Machine Shop,
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LOUISVILLE, KY.,
Manufacture and keep constantly on hand
Portable and Stationary Steam Engines,
Oil Well Tools and Rig complete,
Cordage and Belting,
Bellows and Smith-Shop Tools,
Oil Well Tubing, Oil Pumps, &c.
We have the sole right for this city to manufacture
Bolle's Patent Flush-Joint Cast Iron Driving-Pipe.
We have arrangements with parties who are fully competent, to erect the machinery, drill the wells and repair the tools, so that we can furnish any party with such men at moderate wages.
All information given and orders promptly attended to.
ma3-1e

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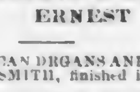
University of Louisville!
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT!

THE TWENTY-NINTH SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence as usual on the first Monday in October next, and continue four months.
The fee for admission for the entire Course of Lectures is one hundred and five dollars, payable IN ADVANCE. The Matriculation Fee of five dollars gives the student the use of the extensive library. The Demonstrator's Fee is ten dollars. No charge is made for Lectures at the Hospital.
For circulars or further information address
G. W. BAYLESS, M. D.,
aug9 tf Dean of the Faculty.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



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STEINWAY & SONS,
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ERNEST GABLER.

THE BEST AMERICAN ORGANS AND MELODEONS by S. D. & H. W. SMITH, finished in twenty-seven different styles.
Wholesale and retail depot for the Southwest.
D. P. FAULDS,
223 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD,
Who refers to over 1500 persons, to whom he has sold instruments of the above makers. aug4-tf

H. K. H. Q'rs.
IS THE PLACE WHERE THE LARGEST AND most complete assortment of Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Water Coolers and Filters—combined—is to be found in the Southwest, at
BOURLIER'S HOUSE-KEEPERS' HEADQ'RS,
Fifth street, Main and Market

SUGAR—
150 hogsheads fair to choice Cuba;
100 hogsheads prime to choice P. R.;
For sale by JAMES A. FRAZER,
jy26 66 and 68 Walnut st., Cincinnati, O.

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Corner of Sixteenth and High Streets.

ESTABLISHED 1861.

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OFFICE—BULLITT STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND RIVER.

WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE WITH A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL IN any quantity. Highest price paid for good Crude Petroleum. Persons having

CRUDE PETROLEUM

For sale would do well to give us a call, as we can increase the capacity of our works to

THREE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY

if the trade should require it. Lubricating oil and Benzine always on hand. jy31-tf

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CLAIM AGENTS.

ADJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS', QUARTERMASTERS', ORDNANCE, COMMISSARY, ARMY CONtract Surgeons', Medical Returns and Accounts, and Procure Certificates of Non-Indebtedness, with despatch. Claims growing out of the present War of the Rebellion; for the seizure of supplies by the Army, for Quartermaster or Commissary purposes, as well as every other kind of Claims, prepared and collected.
All business before the General Land Office duly attended to, and money advanced on officer's pay accounts.
Abundant and satisfactory references given if required.
Office 231 Main Street, Between Second and Third.
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OF
FINE CLOTHING
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J. M. Armstrong's,
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Now offering at
Reduced Prices.
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CLOTHING
THE LARGEST STOCK
OF
CLOTHING
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods
IN THE CITY
IS AT
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
Corner of Fourth and Main streets, under the National Hotel.
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
Military Clothing

LIQUOR.

Whisky! Whisky!
WE HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE—
500 barrels small grain Whisky;
300 barrels Reed's Bourbon Whisky;
300 barrels Mattingly Bourbon Whisky;
48 barrels Miller's Bourbon Whisky.
All of which we will sell at very low figures to close consignment.
aug5-1m DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

NEW WHOLESALE
PAPER WAREHOUSE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THIS DAY OPENED A wholesale Paper Warehouse in this city, and intends to keep always in store a well selected stock of
PAPER OF ALL KINDS;
BONNET BOARDS;
BINDERS' BOARDS;
ENVELOPES;
PRINTING INK, Etc., Etc.
Having had nearly 20 years experience in this branch of the business, I think I can make it to the interest of Merchants, Printers, and all others using Paper, to examine my stock before making their purchases.
By a strict attention to business I hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
Orders from a distance shall have prompt attention.
WILLIAM CROMEY,
729 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.
Louisville, August 1, 1865. au3-1m

CASH FOR RAGS.
I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR Rags, Hemp, and Grass Rope, etc.
aug3-1m WILLIAM CROMEY.

WRITING PAPER.
500 REAMS RULED AND PLAIN FOOLSCAP Paper;
500 reams ruled and plain Letter Paper;
500 do do Note do
In store and for sale low by
aug3-tf WILLIAM CROMEY.

WRAPPING PAPER.
2000 BUNDLES RAG AND STRAW WRAPPING Paper—assorted sizes—in store and for sale by WILLIAM CROMEY,
au3 tf 729 Main street.

SCHOOLS.

UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE REGULAR COURSE OF INSTRUCTION WILL begin on the first Monday of November, 1865, and end on the first day of March, 1866. The Museum, Cabinets, Library, Buildings, and appurtenances, are still as perfect as ever, and the old corps of teachers each in his place, except Prof. Buchanan, removed by death, and whose place has been filled by Prof. Briggs, formerly Professor of Practical Anatomy.
The Anatomical Room will be opened on the first Monday in October, and every facility afforded for the prosecution of that corner-stone study.
Fees for the full Course.....$105 00
Matriculation fee.....5 00
Graduation fee.....25 00
To Demonstrator for Practical Anatomy.....10 00
Boarding in good houses about $5 to a week.
For further particulars apply to Dean for catalogue.
W. K. BOWLING, M. D., Professor of Institutes and Practice of Medicine and Dean of the Faculty.
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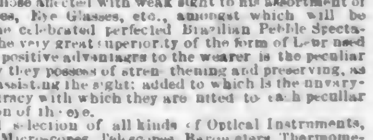
WM. T. BRIGGS, M. D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy and Physiology.
JOHN M. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
PAUL F. EVE, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.
T. B. BUCHANAN, M. D., Curator of Museum.
V. S. LINDSLEY, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
Nashville, July 15, 1865. jy25-tf&wlt

OPTICIAN.



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PRACTICAL & SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN,
233 Third street, near Market.
BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO CALL THE ATTENTION of those affected with weak sight to his assortment of Spectacles, Eye Glasses, etc., amongst which will be found the celebrated perfected Brazilian Pebble Spectacles. The very great superiority of the form of Lens used and the positive advantages to the wearer is the peculiar property they possess of strengthening and preserving, as well as assisting the sight; added to which is the unvarying accuracy with which they are fitted to each peculiar condition of the eye.
A full selection of all kinds of Optical Instruments, such as Microscopes, Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Mathematical and Surveying Instruments, Instruments for Medical Faculty, Race, Field, Marine and Opera Glasses always on hand.
Artificial Human Eyes inserted without pain.
New glasses fitted in old frames. aug5-tf

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PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO.,
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TOBACCO WAREHOUSE,
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LOUISVILLE, KY.
Office corner of Tenth street.
HAVE AMPLE ROOM FOR STORAGE AND ALL the facilities for making quick sales and prompt returns.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Merritt's Cavalry Expedition Through Texas.

The Troops Well Received by the People.

Execution of Two Colored Soldiers

Opening of the Custom House at Galveston.

Gwin Governor of Sonora, but not a Duke.

Jeff. Davis to be Tried before a Civil Court.

Leading Rebels Pardoned by the President.

Hooker a Major Gen. in the Regular Army.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Herald's Texas correspondent gives some account of the march of Merritt's cavalry through that State. The good conduct of the troops was highly spoken of and they were well received by the inhabitants.

Dr. Peebles, the newly appointed Collector of Customs for Galveston, had arrived at that place and would shortly open the Custom House.

Affairs on both Texan and Mexican sides of Rio Grande were quiet at the date of last advices.

Two colored soldiers were executed on the 29th for outrages on females. An entire division of the 25th corps (colored) paraded on the occasion. Its appearance, discipline and deportment of the troops formed the theme of enthusiastic commendation on the part of Texan and Mexican spectators, great numbers of whom were present at the execution.

Cortinas, with his force of Republicans, still hovered around Matamoras, but has as yet made no further attack on the town and it was not supposed he would, his numbers being too insignificant.

A Matamoras paper revives the story that ex-Senator Gwin is at the head of the Imperial government of the Mexican State of Sonora at an annual salary of $60,000, but without any ducal or other noble title.

The Herald's Washington special says: As the result of the most careful inquiry, it is believed that there is an unwillingness on the part of a portion of the Cabinet to have Jeff. Davis tried for treason, while there is reason for asserting that the President is persistent to have him brought before a civil tribunal. Chief Justice Chase is expected to arrive here in the course of a few days for consultation with the President as to time and place, which shall be designated. The ablest counsel in the United States are also being consulted on the subject. There is a fixed determination on the part of the Executive that there shall be an immediate and fair trial by jury of the country for high treason. It may be said in addition to this that it is confidently asserted that the President has determined as soon as practicable to withdraw the order suspending the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus, and to dispense with military courts.

The President has pardoned the following named rebels to-day: T. C. Bethel, of Louisiana; Jonathan Worth, W. S. Mason, B. T. Moore, and J. R. Caldwell, of North Caroline; John H. Sehon and E. W. Sehon, of Tennessee; J. Soulie, of New York city; W. H. Bird, Wm. Gilmet, C. W. Lee, Frank W. Seddon, of Alabama; R. H Short, of Louisiana; D. H. Noon, of Va.; Wm. Bronson, of Charlotte, N. C., and Benj. Fitzpatrick, formerly rebel Senator from Alabama.

Fords' Theater is being converted into a receptacle for the archives of the late rebel Congress.

The Times' special says the appointment of Preston King to the collectorship of New York, though made yesterday, was not permitted to be made public until it was telegraphed back here from New York.

The cause of Mr. Draper's resignation is that he became aware of the President's desire to appoint Mr. King and accepted it as an indication that his resignation would be very acceptable.

Maj. Gen. Hooker has recently been made Major General in the regular army. His commission as Brigadier in the regular army dated from Antietam.

Dates from Kingston, Jamaica, of the 7th inst., have been received. The Government was the subject of much abuse by the newspapers on the island for various offenses which he had given. Among other things he was severely blamed for having allowed the Ex-Queen Emma, of the Sandwich Islands, to pass through Kingston, on her way to England, without any official recognition.

A reply from Queen Victoria to a portion of the Jamaica laborers, complaining of their distress, had been received, in which they are advised that they must depend principally upon their own industry for an improvement in their condition.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Aug. 16.—The great iron bridge over the Ohio river at this place connecting the Steubenville and Indiana railroads with the Short Line to Pittsburg, will be ready for trains to pass over it on first day of September next.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—The steamship China, from Liverpool, while coming up the harbor in a thick fog, this morning, ran ashore near the foot of Independence street, where she remains. She lies easy and will probably be got off at high water this evening without damage.

CINCINNATI, August 16.—River risen 11 inches; 12 feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 80.

PITTSBURG, August 16.—River 4 feet 6 inches by the mark and falling. Weather cloudy and warm.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS.

WEDNESDAY, August 16.

St. Charles, Cin;	United States, Cin;
Gen. Buell, do;	Melnotte, do;
Leni Leoti, Evansville;	Warren Belle, BowlingGreen
St. Patrick, Memphis;	Swallow, Cin;
Sallie List, Red river;	Ontario, Cin;
Gennie Hopkins, St. Louis;	Diamond, New Orleans.

DEPARTURES.

Gen. Buell, Cin;	St. Charles, Cin;
Morning Star, Henderson;	United States, do;
St. Patrick, Memphis;	Sallie List, do;
Ontario, St. Louis;	Diamond, Pittsburg.

THE RIVER was about at a stand yesterday with 5½ water in the canal by the mark, which is the same stage as the day previous. The weather was rather pleasant, clear in the morning and cloudy in the evening.

On the falls there were 3½ feet water in the pass, down the Indian chute.

At Cincinnati at noon yesterday the river had risen 11 inches, with cloudy weather.

At Pittsburg the river was falling with 4½ feet water in the channel.

The navigation of the Cumberland river is well nigh suspended, and Leni Leoti, a small craft that has been plying to Nashville from Evansville, has abandoned the trade, and went up to Cincinnati yesterday.

The Nora, Anglo Saxon and Edinburg left Pittsburg Monday evening for Cincinnati; and the Minerva, Hard Times and Armadillo were to leave that port for the Lower Ohio yesterday.

The Pilots' Association had a meeting in this city yesterday, the object of which was to establish their rate of wages.

The mates are, we believe, in session at Cincinnati.

The Norman, Capt. Cox, did not depart to Cairo Tuesday, as advertised. Her departure has been deferred to Friday evening. In the meantime she is at the city wharf, ready for freight for Cairo and Memphis.

FOR MOBILE.—The staunch, light draught steamer, Onward, Capt. Frank Stone, will be at the city wharf to-morrow, Friday, en route for New Orleans and Mobile. Passengers and shippers will find the Onward a good, safe boat.

The St. Patrick arrived from Memphis early Tuesday night with a good trip of freight and full of passengers. She returned to Memphis last evening with another excellent trip.

The imports into New Orleans on the 6th inst. were 1,800 hhds of sugar and 4,595 bales of cotton. That shows a great revival of trade in that quarter.

The Cuba has been withdrawn from the Tennessee river and Evansville trade—cause didn't pay.

Louisville is the legitimate point of trade for the Tennessee river, the Cumberland river and Green river, and she is determined to have it, and keep it.

Early in the fall we will have a regular line of permanent packets plying between this city, and all the rivers designated. The charters were obtained some time since through the Merchants' Exchange in this city, and the boats and captains selected.

The Irene, Capt. Darby, is due from St. Louis to-day. She has some repairs to undergo, and then be dispatched for Red river.

The Fanny Gilbert has departed for Red river, from Evansville, having been sold for that trade. She had been plying the Evansville and Green river trade, but it played out.

The Lady Grace is the regular Evansville packet this evening. She starts at 5 o'clock from the Portland wharf, taking freight and passengers to all way places.

FOR CAIRO.—The Tacony is the swift and punctual packet for Cairo and all way places this evening. She starts at 5 o'clock from Portland, in charge of Capt. Meyers.

The Sandy Valley is the neat and comfortable light packet to-day for Madison and all way places. She starts at noon.

The St. Nicholas, Capt. John W. Martin, is the swift and comfortable Peoples' Line packet for Cincinnati and the East at noon to-day. She starts punctually at the hour advertised, provides comfortably for passengers, and connects at Cincinnati with the early trains for the East.

The Gen. Lytle, Capt. Godman, is the fast and punctual mail line steamer for Cincinnati and the East to-day. She starts at noon, making all the usual mail landings, and connecting with the railroad trains North and East.

The Major Anderson is the regular evening line mail-boat to-day for Cincinnati and the East. She starts at 4 o'clock.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

MEMPHIS, PER ST. PATRICK—50 bdls hides Theo Day, 1 hhd tobacco Spratte & co, 2 bales cotton Moore & co, 24 bags cotton yarn Thos Henderson & co, 20 pkgs sundries to owner.

CINCINNATI, PER GENERAL BUELL—184 pkgs E S Robinson, 4 hhds eware Walton & Bro, 103 sacks ship stuff Colston & co, 8 bbls vinegar J Hubbard, 10 bxs candles 5 bbls copperas 20 bxs soda 10 do soap to Erwin & D, 21 bbls molasses J B O'Braumer, 11 bxs sugar Benedict &son 10 empty tcs J in Kerr, 5 hf bbls barley Campbell & co, 84 pcs castings S J F Trabue, 20 rolls leather to J C Goldback, 10 bxs hware 2 do axes J H Thomas, 50 kegs spikes J T Royle, 10 bxs gware 3 do Ed Wilder, 516 sacks coffee 3 bxs mackerel 12 pkgs hware 7 do mdse J U Brackles, 8 bbls oakum to steamer Nick Longworth, 132 express pkgs to Adams Express Co, 725 do Eclipse Line, 29 bales hay Tait, son & co, 75 pkgs owners.

CINCINNATI, PER UNITED STATES—25 kitts mackerel Glazebrook & Bro, 20 empty tcs John Kerr, 10 boxes cheese 1 cask fish 1 cask A & G Gelfus, 2 sacks yarn to J Boes & co, 300 do oats Capt H I Vecchia, 584 pkgs Adams Express Co, 400 do Ainmon, 29 do E S Robinson, 43 bbls sugar Benedict J son, 20 rolls leather J H Ryan, 50 bbls whisky Dorne B & co, 6 hhds tobacco Ninth-street House, 7 do Pickett House, 47 bags rags Falls City Paper Mills 20 bales hay Tait, son & co, 100 bbls flour Brandeis & co, 70 pkgs furniture 16 bxs soap 41 pkgs of beer 100 do mdse and sundries owners.

CINCINNATI, PER ST. CHARLES—58 pkgs Stein Gay & co, 220 sacks malt do, 26 pkgs axes Tait Son & co, 20 bags seed Bondurant, 401 bdls paper Dupont & co, 21 bxs 1 bale O'Relley, 30 bxs starch Billings & D, 10 cases oysters A & G Gel us, 32 bags wool Gatting & co' 14 bbls whisky Small Levi & co, 30 boxes coffee Billings & D, 1 crate kegs to Waters & Fox, 41 pkgs A Brire, 11 bags cotton yarn Geo C Hunter, 10 bbls vinegar Raplee & S, 18 bdls to Shenneu & co, 6136 feet lumber H S Lewis, 10 rolls leather F Beck, 15 pkgs tobacco Mayers & Bro, 91 pcs furniture F Gerch, 30 doz broom 17 pkgs Boies L & co, 59 pkgs to O'Rawson, 130 do Mcrannou, 25 bbls whisky to Doru & B, 15 cases of matches O'Ranson, 387 bbls flour J Peters & co, 50 bbls of whisky Cochrau & Fultou, 122 do 5 tcs lard 1 do hams 197 bdls waggon stuff 8 pkgs of liquor 157 do beer 80 bbls rye flour 13 boxes lemons 5 do sy up 20 bbls sugar and molasses 1 case matches 40 bbls flour 15 do domestic liquors 85 pkgs Erwin & D, 10 cases liquorice J S Willitt & co 25 bbls oil Montgomery & co, 35 boxes logwood R A Robinson 43 pkgs J C B ickles, 9 hhds sugar Gheens & Bro, 3 do Billings & D, 35 bales hay 40 bags oats McCaullan, 4 hhds tobacco Warehouses, 73 bags rags Falls City Papers Mills, 147 ds Moore B & co 50 pkgs beer 30 pcs cooperage owners.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 16, 1865.

The money market has been considerably excited this week, which telegraphic reports from New York of defalcations, failures, &c., has not tended to allay but rather increase, and we learn that 8 to 10 millions in gold changed hands in the gold room in New York on Tuesday night. The rate of gold has fluctuated materially, though kept down by the bear interest for some time, to which has been added the payment of the premium on the 7-30 bonds, which has materially relieved the pressure. The sudden failures in New York caused something of a panic among many dealers and stock jobbers.

The market here is somewhat unsettled, but rather quiet, with a steady demand for gold, and a fair demand for silver at quotations. Eastern exchange continues scarce and in demand, while Tennessee and other Southern money meets with but slight inquiry, and is dull. Loans continue to be readily made for all good paper at 9 per cent. We continue our quotations:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	141	143
Silver	128	135
Kentucky Banks	1 dis.	......
Indiana and Ohio	1 dis.	......
Eastern	1 dis.	......
State Bank Tennessee	20	25
Planters' Bank, Tenn	45	50
Union Bank, "	45	50
Virginia and North Carolina	20	25
Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama	15	......
Eastern Exchange	1-10	¼ pr.
5-20 Coupons	140	......
5-20 Bonds	103	105
Government Vouchers	1@2 dis.	
10-40 Bonds	95	97
7-30 Bonds	99½	par

[Our quotations apply exclusively to the wholesale trade, unless otherwise stated. Retail and jobbing sales are at an advance on these rates.]

There was but little animation in the general market to-day, though sales to the local and packet trade were fair at quotations. All articles of country produre are fully sustained, and the market for flour continues firm. Wheat is scarce, but corn and new oats are dull, especially the latter, and buyers to-day were offering only 40 cents. Groceries are quiet, and provisions have slightly declined.

The dispatches from New York to-day at 140¾ at noon, and advancing to 142½ at 4 P. M. The cotton market was dull and heavy at 43c, but holders were unwilling in order to make sales to make any concessions. Sugar was firm, and the flour market dull, and wheat was dull and unchanged. Mixed corn and oats were unchanged. Tobacco was in fair demand at firm prices. Lard inactive and drooping, at 24½c. Whisky unchanged in every respect. Mess pork had advanced at noon to $32 50, declined to $32 at 1 P. M.; the market closing at 4 P. M. at an advance, with an upward tendency. Three more failures were reported, but names omitted.

BAGGING AND ROPE—There is a fair demand, and some holders are offering at lower rates than prevailed yesterday, with sales of power loom bagging at 30@30½c, and machine rope at 15c; good bagging offers at 29½c, and hand made rope at 14@14½c. A sale of 10 bales India bagging was made at 28c.

COTTON—A sale of good ordinary Tennessee at 33c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—We quote green apples in fair supply at $3 50@6 per bbl in lots, as to quality. Dried apples range at 6 to 7c for old per lb; dried peaches, 8@10c. Butter, 21@22c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 27@28c. Beeswax buying at 38@40c. Brooms, common, $4 00@5 00; best Shaker $6 50@6 75 ₩ doz; Best Louisville $6 25, per dozen. Cheese, Western Reserve, in lots, to the trade 15c, small sales at 15½c. all at nett weights. Hamburg 15½@16c. New York Dairy 17@18c. Feathers firm, and buyers are paying 63@66c. Flaxseed buying at $2 00. Ginseng buying at 65@73c. Beans nominal at $1 25 for white. New potatoes in lots $2 75@3. Onions in lots to dealers at 3@; small sales at $3 50 per bbl, Eggs we quote at 18@19c per dozen for fresh packed.

DOMESTICS—A sale of 5 bales Great Western at 31c, and steady sales of Laurel Hill, Tennessee factory, superior, strong even goods, standard width and weight, also at 31c. South Carolina ⅞ Osnaburgs 22c; Georgia sheetings 23@25c.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The market takes a wide range for flour, owing to the different qualities offered, with sales of 160 bbls, classed as superfine, at $7 50@8, sales of 50 bbls at $10 50, 150 bbls at $10 50@11 50, 80 bbls at $10 40, and 150 bbls plain extra at $9. Wheat steady, though scarce, and a lot of 300 bushels new crop sold at $1 15, and 200 bushels prime red at $2, while white ranges from $2 05 to 2 10. Corn is rather dull at $70@80c from first hands, and sales from stores at 80@90c, the latter rate for prime white. Oats are dull at 50@55c for new from stores, while dealers are paying 45c, but this morning refused to pay over 40c. Barley we quote at 85@95c, and barley malt $1 40.

HAY—Scarce and dull at $15@16 for baled Timothy. Sales of loose from wagons at $14.

GROCERIES—Sales of 84 bags Rio coffee at 30@30½c, and small sales at 31c. A sale of 6 hhds Porto Rico raw sugar at 16¾c. Sales of Cuba at 14½@15c, and sales of 35 bbls "A" and "B" coffee sugar at 20, and 19¼c. Sales of hard standard at 20¾@21c.

PROVISIONS AND LARD—The market was rather dull to-day, and mess pork was held at $30, rump pork $20, and prime mess $24. Bacon a little lower, and country clear sides quoted at 17@18c, and city packed $19@19½c. Lard a little lower, and in tierces offered at 23½c, and sales of prime in kegs at 25c. Breakfast bacon 23½c, and dried beef 24c.

WHISKY—Sales of 60 bbls raw at $2 19, and 16 bbls copper at $2 75@3 25.

WOOL—Buyers are paying 35@36c for good lots of unwashed fleece, and 59@60c for tub-washed in pkgs in shipping order.

WOODENWARE—Constant supplies, with steady sales as follows; all painted ware: No. 1 tubs, per dozen, $13 35; No. 2 do $11 75; No. 3 $10 25; tubs, 3 in nest, $2 95, and 8 in nest $4 10; cedar buckets, per dozen, $2 85; painted buckets, 3 hoops, $3 17, and 2 hoops $2 85; nest of varnished keelers $1 83. Clothes pins, per box of 5 gross, $1 27.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Wednesday.—The market is fully sustained for all good conditioned qualities, though low grades are somewhat neglected, with a preponderance of common lugs on sale. The break to-day amounted to 262 hhds including reviews, and 28 rejections. We hear of late of frequent complaints of "nested" tobacco. The range of prices was as follows, the sale commencing at the

LOUISVILLE—2 hhds trash at $2 25 to 3 90; 2 at $1 90; 10 at $5 05 to 5 75; 18 at $6 to 9 75; 29 at $10 to 18 75; 4 at $19 75 to 20 75, and 5 at $21 25 to 23 75.

NINTH STREET—9 hhds at $5 to 5 80; 8 at $6 to 9 40; 24 at $10 to 18 25, and 2 at $20 to 22.

PICKETT—10 hhds at $4 to 4 90; 20 $5 to 5 85; 18 at $6 to 7 30; 43 at $10 to 18 25; 4 at $21 25 to 22 75; 4 at $23 to 22 75; 1 at $25; and 1 at $31 25.

BOONE—2 hhds stems at $1 15 to 1 20; 3 of trash at $3 to 3 95; 9 at $1 to 4 90; 9 at $5 to 5 65; 12 at $6 to 8 75; 12 at $10 to 18 25, and 1 at $22.

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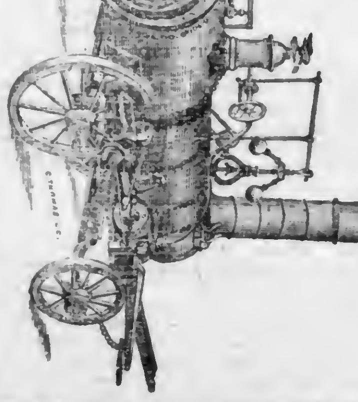

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The property owned by the Company, and which constitutes its capital, comprises two thousand five hundred and twenty-five acres of land, situated in Barren and Metcalf counties, Kentucky. In

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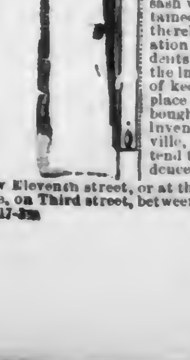

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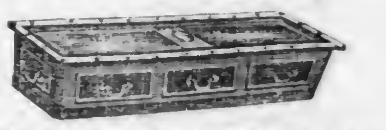

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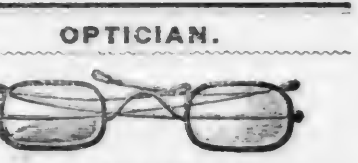

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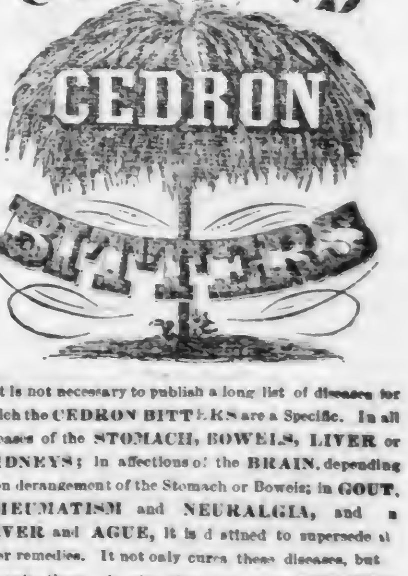

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